THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,055—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1890.

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.
OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.
Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Price
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve, "Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch, "Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle, "Glentromie", "Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish"	Rs. 21 Rs. 22-22 per doz. bottles

Examine cork label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
P.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Pardit	21st Feb.
† ASSAM	3031	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th ,,
P.L. PENINSULAR	500	100	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	14th ,,
P.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	21st ,,
P.L. ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th ,,
P.L. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th April.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	11th ,,
P.L. PEKIN	3929	600	F. Harris	18th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th ,,
P.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	2nd May
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	9th ,,
P.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	2970	G. W. Atkinson		16th ,,
P.L. COROMANDEL	4500	800	L. Reeves	23rd ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	30th ,,
P.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	13th ,,
P.L. ROHILLA	3511	700	M. de Horne	20th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	27th ,,

The steamers marked P L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.
Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	1890.
ROME	5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	18th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5500	1000	W. J. Webber	10th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1889.
MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	27th Feb.
KAISER-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	13th Mar.
THAMES	4200	800	W. A. Seaton	27th Mar.

In addition to the above a CATTLE STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 8th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	On the 8th March 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jany. 13, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
aMARIA TERESA	R Deperis	4,200	600	21st Feb.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4 600	750	1st March.
AMPHITRITE	G. Nicolich	4,200	650	1st April.
aMEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,800	550	21st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4.600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Steward are on board of every Steamer a Will not call at Brindisi.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

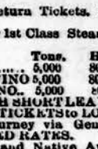
Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	H. P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lomesich	4 200	650	15th March.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G Mettel	3,800	550	21st Feb. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 5th Feb. 1890.



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY. FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES, TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 15th March. 1890 at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway fare from Marseilles to London.
A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.
A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.	Commander.	To sail.
L HISPANIA	3150	Abrey	27th Feb.
ML ASIA	3360	Wm. Hutchell	11th Mar.
L PERSIA	3347	R. Hutchison	29th ,,
ML BRITANNIA	3069	Brown	12th April.
L NUBIA	3351	T. G. Knox	28th ,,
L ARABIA	3541	J. Laird	17th May
ML HISPANIA	3380	Abrey	31st ,,

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas 8 postage free.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, at 11 a.m. on 23rd February, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Basreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 26th February.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,984 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 21st February, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 5th March.

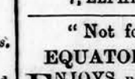
FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. DUPLEIX, 1,000 tons, about SATURDAY, 22nd February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 20th February, 1890. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.



PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
NERBUDDA	2,980	3rd April ,,
BANCOORA	2,880	25th May ,,

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 13th February, 1889. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS. BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE well-known passenger steamer CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, Commander C. ALEXANDERSON, will leave Bombay for LIVERPOOL direct on or about 5th April.
Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
Saloon and state rooms all on upper deck.
For particulars to passage money, Cabin plans &c apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. THE SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s. s. "AVOCA," will leave for Zanzibar on or about 22nd instant.
For Freight and Passage apply to the undersigned.
HASSAMBHOY VISRAM,
Agents, Khoja Mohls.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP & Co.'s
GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER

PRODUCES a Clear and Beautiful Complexion, and removes all Roughness, Redness, Freckles, Tan, and all other Blemishes of the Skin.
Per Bottle, Re. 1.
KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

HOUSEHOLD CLARET.

A PART from the singularly favourable circumstances under which it is selected for us, this admirable Wine, equal to any at Twenty Rupees per dozen, is not placed in the hands of the Indian Public at Rupees Ten without the strictest economy being necessarily exercised at every step of its importation. We invite all who know good Wine, to say whether they can purchase anything equal to it in France at the price we charge for it here, which is
Quarts, Rs. 10; Pints, Rs. 5-8.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

"Not for an age, but for all time."
EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE.

ENJOYS no mere ephemeral celebrity. It has supplied a great and long-felt want in the Toilet economy of this country, and has therefore taken a firm and, we venture to say, a permanent hold on public favour. It replaces the unctuous applications to which the Hair was formerly subjected by a delightful process of affusion, which instead of oppressing and deadening the vitality of the scalp, invigorates it, and affords all the conditions of health which ought to surround that part of the frame where the mental faculties reside.
Its effects on the Hair are to promote the growth, to impart the softness and lustre of silk, and instantly to arrest any tendency to baldness; while its almost fairy fragrance lends an additional pleasure to the operations of the Toilet.
The "Douche" is felt to be a boon wherever its use has penetrated, and it is now exported to the remotest parts of India.
Per Bottle, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP & Co.'s
BLOOD MIXTURE

ENRICHES the Blood, and cleanses it from all Impurities arising from any cause whatsoever. It restores the Tone and Strength of the System when debilitated by Disease or the Enervating Effects of the Climate.
Per Bottle, Re. 1 8.
KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

THE ONLY PERFECT HAIR DYE.

KEMP & Co.'s
CIRCASSIAN FLUID

SURPASSES all existing dyes in the purity, delicacy, and natural appearance of its results.
Per Case, Rs. 2.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

SWEET AROMATIC
ESSENCE OF RHUBARB.

A valuable preparation especially for children, and of great use in all Stomach derangements.
Per bottle, Re. 1.
PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GYMKHANA KIT.

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTION IN INDIA.

CRICKET KIT.

	Rs.	a.
BATS, Single Cane ..... each	8	0
Do. Double Cane ..... ,,	9	8
Do. Treble Cane ..... ,,	11	8
Do. All Cane ..... ,,	14	8
Frowd's Driver ..... ,,	16	8
Patent Exceller ..... ,,	14	8
BATS, Boys' ..... each Re. 1-10 to	3	0
STUMPS for Boys' use ..... Per set	2	8
Do. Plain Polished Ash with Bails ,,	3	12
Do. with Brass Ferrules ..... ,,	6	0
Do. do. and Iron Points... ,,	7	0
NETS, for long stopping, 6 yards long, by 2 yards high, with Poles, Ferrules, Ropes, &c ..... each	13	8
Boys' Set, complete in box	10	8

	Rs.	a.
BALLS, Duke's Double Seam ..... each	4	0
Do. do. Treble Seam ..... ,,	5	8
Do. Treacher and Co.'s Double Seam ,,	4	0
Do. do. Treble Seam. ,,	5	0
Do. do. Four Seam, Registered Pattern, the finest manufactured ..... ,,	5	12
Do. Boys' ..... each Re. 1-8 to	2	0
WICKET-KEEPING GAUNTLETS, of superior quality, and well ventilated. Per pair	7	4
BATTING GLOVES, best improved Vulcanised Tubular India rubber ... ,,	7	4
BAGS for carrying Cricket Kit, strong Green Cloth, Leather Binding, Brass Lock ..... ,,	15	0
LEG GUARDS, Chamois Skin ..... ,,	8	4
SHOES, fitted with Spikes ..... ,,	12	8

LAWN-TENNIS KIT.

	Rs.	a.
BATS, best English make, Men's ..... each	7	0
Do. do. Cork-handled, Men's ,,	8	8
Do. do. Pinder's Pull-Tight, ment which enables the Player to keep his Bat tightly strung ..... ,,	15	0
Do. do. Champion Match, Plain Strung ..... ,,	10	8
Do. do. do. Double Strung ,,	12	0
Do. do. do. Cork-handled, ,,	11	0
Do. Treacher's "Ne Plus Ultra," the Latest Pattern ..... ,,	12	8
Do. The Demon, Slazenger's ..... ,,	13	0
Do. The Victor, Fortnam's ..... ,,	12	8
Do. Cane and Ash ..... ,,	13	8
Do. Ayre's Champion ..... ,,	13	4

	Rs.	a.
BALLS, best Flannel covered, Match. per doz.	8	8
Do. do. Waterproof, Seamless, perfect, the best Ball yet introduced. Ayre's do.	12	8
A complete set consisting of 4 best Ash Bats, 6 covered India-rubber Balls, strong Cord Net with Poles, Stay Ropes, Pegs, &c., and Book of Instruction, in dealwood case ..... per set	47	0
NETS, Strong Cord, with Poles complete, 42 by 3½, Regulation Club..... each	12	0
PRESSES, in plain mahogany, with Screws ..... ,,	8	8
SHOES, Gentlemen's, with plain or corrugated India-rubber Soles ..... per pair	11	0

FOOT-BALL.

	Rs.	a.
ASSOCIATION BALLS, Vulcanized India-rubber, covered with best hide leather, specially dressed		
No. 4—26 in. circumference ..... each	7	8
No. 5—28 in. do. ..... ,,	8	8
No. 6—30 in. do. ..... ,,	9	8
No. 7—32 in. do. ..... ,,	10	8
RUGBY BALLS, Nos. and Price annas 8 less than the above.		

GOLF.

	Rs.	a.
BALLS, Nos. 26, 27, 27½ and 28 ..... per doz.	10	8
CLEEKS ..... each	6	0
IRONS, Lofting or Pitching ..... ,,	6	0
IRON or Brass Niblicks ..... ,,	6	0
PLAY CLUBS ..... ,,	5	0
PUTTERS ..... ,,	5	0
SPOONS, Long, Middle, Short & Brassy ,,	5	0

RACKETS, FENCING, QUOITS, FISHING TACKLE,
BADMINTON, FIVES, POLO, SPORTING AMMUNITION.

COMPLETE LISTS FREE BY R. O. P.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.
KING, KING, & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.
PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.
SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.
BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.
IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.
LOANS granted on easy terms, Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge,

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

THORPE & CO.,

HAVE landed the following new Goods :—

GLOVES! GLOVES!!

			Rs.	a.
Gent's White Kid	2 Buttons	..... pair	2	4
Gent's Best White French	do.	..... ,,	2	12
Gent's Lavender Best French	do.	..... ,,	3	0
New Regulation for Wear with Khakee	do.	..... ,,	3	8
Black-Dogskin for Rifle Regts	do.	..... ,,	3	8
Gent's Gold Tan Fancy Sewn	do.	..... ,,	3	0
Gent's Kempton Tan Driving	do.	..... ,,	4	0
Ladies' Gold Tan Afghan, 4 Buttons		..... ,,	3	8
Gent's Kid Gloves, Lined, very warm, Spring Tops		... ,,	4	8
Gent's Brown and White Ringwood Gloves		..... ,,	2	8

TIES AND SCARFS!

THE NEW ASCOT SCARF.
For Knot or Pin, from 10 Ans. each.
THE FOUR-IN-HAND.
For Large Knot, or Pin, Rs. 2 each.
THE NEW KNOT SCARF.
Black Fancy and Self, from 2-8 each.
THE NEW JOURDAIN.
For Knot, Bow, or Ring, from Re. 1-8 each.
WINDSOR SCARVES.
Will Tie, Knot, Bow, or Ring, Rs. 2-8 each.
MADE BOWS.
Plain and Facy Rs. 1-12 each.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW BOMBAY.

THE PIANOFORTES
BY
MESSRS. J. BLUETHNER OF LEIPZIG,

ARE acknowledged by Professionals to be the finest toned PIANOS ever manufactured, and we guarantee them to keep in tune for a longer period than even the highest priced PIANOS.

The PIANOFORTE FACTORY OF MESSRS. J. BLUETHNER is the largest in Europe and turns out over 3,000 Instruments yearly, which is equal to 250 monthly, 10 daily, or one PIANO every working hour of the day.

We beg to invite Inspection of the second Shipment of these splendid instruments, just to hand.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE AT
MARCKS & COMPANY, LIMITED
BOMBAY AND POONA

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE INDIAN EMPIRE AND BURMAH FOR
MESSRS. J. BLUETHNER'S
WORLD RENOWNED PIANOFORTES.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying Seventy Military Messes and Twenty Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses :—
PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.
Price List on Application
to
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.
THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.
DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.
MADEIRAS—From the celebrated "Blandy Stock." 8 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 58-12 per dozen quarts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto. 4 qualities, from Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yriarta, Cadiz. 6 qualities, from Rs. 19 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Heariot and Co., Rheims. 4 qualities, from Rs. 48 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A. Leon Aine, Bordeaux. 3 qualities, from Rs. 16 to Rs. 24 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein. 2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 21 to Rs. 25 per doz. qts. 2 ,, (Sparkling), from Rs. 40 to Rs. 53 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder and Co., Leith 2 qualities, from Rs. 28 to Rs. 32 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness, 3 qualities, from Rs. 31 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.
Detailed List of Prices and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
Custom House Road,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS
OF
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SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st inst. at 3 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms, in Medow Street No. 21.
By order of whom it may concern and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Schiller Dosogne and Co.—
2008-2068-31—4 cases containing 20 pieces hand, Treadle, Medium, and Hand and Foot Sewing Machines, made on Singer System by Gritzaner and Co. of Germany.
Now on view.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Bombay, 21st Feb. 1890. Auctioneers.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
APOLLO STREET.
On MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Church Gate Street, opposite Messrs. Watson & Co., the handsome household furniture and appropriate fittings, comprising all the requisites of a comfortable furnished residence, the property of JOSEPH SOARES, Esq., proceeding to England.
The property on view.
A black horse and office-shigram at 3 p.m.
SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Bombay, February 21, 1890.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY
7, MARINE STREET.
BONA FIDE.
On SUNDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bandora Hill, the valuable blackwood teakwood substantial household furniture, rich crockery and glassware, plated ware, a first-rate sweet-toned mahogany grand square piano by Richard Lipp and Son Stuttgart in capital order, D. B. shot gun with case and implements, first rate oil paintings and crystoleum paintings, rich table ornaments, three-light hanging kerosine oil lamps, door curtains, &c. the property of M. D. CAMA, Esq., proceeding up-country.
Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.
On MONDAY next, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—
10 bales grey shirtings,
5 " " dhoties,
5 cases prints,
2 " khakee drills.
2 " white shirtings.
On account and at the risk of the first purchasers, Fazul Mooljee Rowjee and Peroo Dossa—
3 doz. superior iron-folding cots, ex. s. s. Arabia.
On account of the concerned—
5 pieces khakee drill and cord.
On account of the underwriters—
A S 14—590—1 case 300 gross penholders—S. W. damaged.
By order of Messrs. Hormusjee Adurjee and Co.—and on account and at the risk of Messrs. D. Thakersey & Co.—
About 15,000 Burmah cigars (purchasers to pay Custom duty).
AT 2 P. M.
1 light new victoria.
1 strong office-shigram,
1 light strong dog-cart.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On SATURDAY, the 1st March, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Church Gate Street, Fort, opposite Singer's Machine Depot, the valuable and handsome French-polished black-wood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glasswara, table ornaments, table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpet, pictures, &c., the property of W. MARRETT, Esq. The property will be on view three days before the sale.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, February 21st, 1890.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.
SALE OF COAL ASHES AT THE LOVE GROVE PUMPING STATION.
Under instructions from E. C. K. Olivant, Esq., C.S., C.I.E., the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 p.m., at the Love Grove Pumping Station, Worli, a large quantity of Coal ashes.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY (FURNISHED) AT CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA
HIGH COURT O. O, C. JURISDICTION,
SUIT No. 658 of 1889.
Beg Mahomed Hajee Abd Rahimon.....Plaintiff.
vs.
C. A. Turner and Hajee Aboo Ahmed.....Defendant.
Pursuant to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 28th January 1890 the undermentioned immoveable property including the furnitures therein will be sold on the premises by Public Auction by Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. Auctioneers, by the directions of Charles Agnew Turner, Esq. the Receiver appointed in this Suit, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st inst. at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon.
All that piece or parcel of land situate at Clare Road Byculla, in the island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 9,670 Square yards, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 25 New No. 1625, old survey No. 676, New Survey No. 3585, and bounded on or towards the East by the Sukhia Road on or towards the West and South by the property called or known as the Huntly Lodge, and on or towards the South by the Clare Road together with the dwelling houses bungalow, Range of Buildings, shops, houses and outhouses, cookrooms, stables, and all other the buildings standing on the Said land, all which said buildings are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under ward No. 3 799 to 3,808, Street Nos. 9 28-32 and all which were formerly in the occupation of the said Jamsetjee Nowrojee Cabinet-maker and his tenants, and are now occupied by the Proprietor of Hawkins Hotel and by Messrs Phillips and Co. as tenants of the Receiver.
Together with all and singular the furniture, plated ware, Glassware Crockery and other articles, list of which is set out in the Decree passed in the above suit and dated 20th December 1889, and copies of which are open for inspection at the Offices of the Said Receiver and of Messrs. Little Smith, Frere and Nicholson 79 Medow Street Plaintiff's Solicitors, Bombay.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made at the Office of the Said Receiver in the High Court House Bombay, and also at the office of the Said Solicitors for the Said Plaintiff No. 79 Meadow Street Fort Bombay.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, 21st February 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No 22, APOLLO STREET.
AUCTION SALE OF BURNT BUILDING MATERIALS AND DEBRIS.
THIS DAY, Friday, the 21st instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Nagdevi Street or Barbhaya Moholla, the burnt building materials and debris of the house of Mr. Curimjee Allibhoy of Baroda recently destroyed by fire.
A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods.
AT 3-30 P. M.
1. Handsome strong-built Victoria in very good order.
1. Powerful grey Arab horse 14, 2½, goes in harness and saddle.
1 Second-hand strong built glass-fronted miniature brougham.
1. Handsome flea-bitten iron grey Arab horse, quiet to ride and drive.
1 Italian coursing grey hound, very fast and handsome.
1 handsome very fast silver-coloured Arab horse, about 14-in height, goes exceedingly well in harness.
1 handsome strong dun color pony goes well in saddle and harness,
1 strong palanquin office shigram.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account and risk of Alla Rakhia Sachoo—
40-41—2 cases glassware.
On account and risk of Abdool Ally Ebramjee—
M. P. & Co 70-76—7 cases eau-de-cologne.
On account and risk of Cassam Hajee Esmail and Mahomed Ebrahim—
96 97-99 100 105—6 cases glassware.
98 102 —2 " "

BONA-FIDE SALE.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, valuable blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, table and hanging kerosine lamps, mahogany Cottage Pianoforte by Soundy and Co., plants, &c., the property of J. MORRIS, Esq.
The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PLANTS IN TUBS AND POTS AT MOUNT PLEASANT ROAD, MALABAR HILL.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 7-30 a.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, a collection of very valuable and rare plants consisting of ferns of various sorts, Begonias, Crotons, Palm Anthurium, roses, &c., the property of Major W. S. R. Bisset, R. E
Catalogues are published and the plants are on view.
N. B.—The fern-house will be sold at 8-30 a.m.

AUCTION SALE OF CYLINDER AND MACHINE OIL.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 22nd instant, at 3-30 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, about 19 casks consisting of cylinder, marine cylinder, vacuum spindle and machine oil.
The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

On MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, near the bridge, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, handsome China and Japanese vases, fancy table ornaments, chromos and pictures, table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of Captain EARDLY-WILMOT.
The property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION OF AUSTRALIAN HORSES IMPORTED BY MR. C. G. BALDOCK FROM AUSTRALIA.
On WEDNESDAY, 26th instant, at 3-30 p.m. at Colaba, opposite the Tramway Stables, 25 horses will be sold at Auction to the highest bidder on the above date. A rare chance to secure first class horses at a cheap rate.
Particulars of the horses are in the course of preparation.

AUCTION SALE OF AKOLA COTTON.
On WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Colaba,
8 full-pressed bales of Cotton, at Akola, belonging to Messrs. Sobapathy Moodelliar and Co.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, February 21, 1890.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co. London, specially for Indian Markets.
To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

BOMBAY CLUB.
THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Club will be held in the Club House, on FRIDAY, the 28th February, 1890, at 5-30 p.m.
JAS. B. HAWORTH,
Bombay Club, 1st February, 1890. Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.
WANTED a fully qualified LADY PHYSICIAN and SURGEON for the LADY DUFFERIN Dispensary, at Sholapur (Deccan) possessing diplomas of not less professional Status than that of the Lady Medical practitioner class of the Grant Medical College, Bombay. Salary up to Rs. 150 per mensem (according to the nature of qualifications) with the privilege of engaging in private practice. Quarters will be provided. For more details address the undersigned.
Each applicant to state the minimum salary she would expect.
S. C. CHITNIS,
Huzur Deputy Collector, and Honorary Secretary, Lady Dufferin Fund, Branch Committee, Sholapur.
Sholapur, 15th February, 1890.

NOTICE.
DR. AND MRS. MULLER, living at Darlington, in the Count of Durham, would be glad to communicate with any parents residing in India who are anxious to provide a temporary home for their children in England. "For particulars apply to A. LUCAS, Dhulia, Khandesh."

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 1 p.m., (Gunfire) on MONDAY, the 24th instant, for the supply of BOAT TONNAGE and LAND CARRIAGE for landing and delivering all stores that may arrive by sea for this Department.
Schedules of conditions of Contract and probable requirements may be seen at the store yard, Wari Bunder, during Office hours to which particular attention is invited.
The Superintendent of Telegraph, Bombay Division, is not bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.
P. GERRARD,
Hony. Assistant Superintendent in charge of Telegraph Stores, Bombay.
Bombay, Feb. 13, 1890.

NOTICE
TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS.
I HEREBY give notice that Messrs. NORRIE MITCHEL & Co., of Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay are no longer my Agents, for any purpose whatsoever.
I have appointed as my Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Messrs. SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., Engineers &c., of Bombay, who are empowered to act for me and on my account in all business transactions, and to whom all inquiries respecting my machinery, etc., should now be addressed.—Dated this 29th day of November 1889
SAMUEL BROOKS.
Cotton Machinist.
Union Iron Works, West Gorton, Junction Iron Works Newton Heath, Manchester.

WITH reference to the above ADVERTISEMENT all information and particulars respecting Machinery &c., manufactured by Mr. SAMUEL BROOKS will be furnished by us on application.
SORABJEE SHAPURJEE and Co.,
Engineers and Machinery Importers, Khetwady, Bombay.

PROSPECTORS WANTED.
SEVERAL PROSPECTORS are REQUIRED for INVESTIGATING the MINERAL RESOURCES of a large area of Country in SOUTHERN INDIA, hitherto unexplored for Minerals. Persons who have had experience in this kind of work, and who can produce Evidences of their fitness for duty stated above, need only apply. The Pay will vary according to qualifications, and good men will be paid well. Travelling Expenses will be allowed to each Prospector, and he will have a separate Camp, and be supplied with necessary Tents, Tools, &c., and men to carry out operations in an energetic and satisfactory manner. The Applications if so wished, will be considered confidential; but to save useless Correspondence, none but really efficient men need apply. Applications must be accompanied by Testimonials; also full particulars as to nationality, age, when, where, and on what work experience has been gained. Also knowledge of Native Languages if any, and Salary, expected.—ADDRESS PROSPECTORS, care of *Bombay Gazette*.

EVERY MAN
INTERESTED in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent for three stamps. Address Mr. E. NORTON, 249½, High Holborn, London Eeg.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
THE PERFECTION OF A SMOKE,
whether of Pipe, Cigar or Cigarette, is attained by the highest flavour of the Tobacco, with its greatest purity and least harshness. In Cigarettes, which are now so popular there are none more deserving of appreciation than those manufactured by
TH. VAFIADIS,
CAIRO,
AND IMPORTED ONLY BY
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA.

	Per 100
SPECIALS	Rs. 4- 8
No. 1, EXTRA SUPERIOR	" 3-12
No. 2, MEDIUM	" 2-12

GUARANTEED FRESH AND SOUND.
Fresh shipments received by every alternate Mail steamer.
THE ATTENTION OF
MESS PRESIDENTS
AND
CLUB SECRETARIES
Is respectfully invited to these CIGARETTES.
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

BY APPOINTMENT
TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR.
HURJIMULL AND CO.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS.
DIAMOND, GOLD & SILVER JEWELLERY FOR THE CHRISTMAS SEASON.
LARGEST STOCK of Indian Jewellery for Christmas, Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Inspection invited to our Show Rooms. Don't fail to visit us. Prices moderate.
HURJIMULL AND CO.,
INDIAN JEWELL

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	8 per ct.	935
Bank of Bengal	40,000	400	All	10 do.	990
Bank of Madras	16,000	500	All	14 do.	900
		£	£		
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	125
Chartered and Shanghai	50,000	$125	All	...	255
National Bank	27,500	200	125	5 do.	185

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	207
	750	150	150	p.ct	150
Bradbury Pile & Co., Ltd.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	140
Bunder Co., Ltd.	2500		185	Nil	50
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ltd.		00	0	6 p.c.	60
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	620
Bombay Ice Co., Ltd...	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	11,000	2,500	180	Rs.	3,075
Do. (3rd Issue) ..	2,000	82	45	Rs.	770
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500		...	90
Cooper, Madan Ld. ...	3,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	170
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Township Ass.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		44
Kurrachee Lighterage	600	250	250	...	75
Kynoch & Co., Ld.	14,000	200	175	Rs. 20	252
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	80
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	00	100	100	...	60
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	3 p.a.	20
Peel Canning Co.	5,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	260
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	99
Scandy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	9 p.c.	100
Shirvalkar and Austin.	1,000		25	...	30
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	11½
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,210
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour Mills Ld.	000	1	125	Nil.	35
W. M. Mody & Co.					25
Shewnagger City P. & M. Co., Ld.	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIS

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000		1300
Albert Edward Mills		00	500	R.	200
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	2	77
Alfred Mills Co.	1,000	500	250	...	200
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	..	..
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	...
Ambica S. & M. Co..	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	...
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	450
Bellary S. & W. Mill	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	485
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Bombay National Mfg. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	..	510
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	625
Borar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	Rs. 0	130
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld. ..	4,500	500	500	Rs. 55	960
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	910
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	700	700	Rs. 25	590
Connaught Mills Ld..	500	0	500	Rs. 1	500
Coorla S. & W. Ld. ..	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	450
David Mills Co., Ld. ..	1,250	500	500	Rs. 25	440
Dhan Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	900
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,125½	500	500	Rs. 20	490
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	460
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co.	700	150	150	Rs. 20	112½
General Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited ..		1,000	1,000	..	..
General S. & W. Co.,	420	1,000	1,000	...	..
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	700xd
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	500	500	...	490
Jinguaghat Mill Co..	700	575	500	Rs. 57	725nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	705
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld..	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	575
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,380	500	500	Rs. 2.	440
Kamshed Mfg. Co.,	1,000	25	25	Rs. 1.	280
Lamee Greaves Mill after All S. & W. Co., Ld., Original..	1,320	50	50	Rs. 2	290
Increased ...	1,488	250	250	Rs. 1	10
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld. ..		500	1,000		615
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	840
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	560
Khatau Makanjee S.	2,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	565
Kalyandas Khimjee	1,000	00	100	Rs. 50	80
Leopold S. Bleaching	5,500	0	100	Rs. 0	150
Madras United S. ..	500		1,000	Rs. 100	1,950
Mahalaxmi S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	440nl
Maharaja Mysore S.	5,500	100	100	Rs. 7	10
Managon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	105
Meerjee Gocoldas S.	2,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,950
Manockjee Petit Mfg.	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,122½
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	195
National S. & W. Co	600	1,000	1,000	...	250
Oriental S. & W. Co..	3,720		625	Rs. 12½	350
People of India S. ..	4,000	50	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co..	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,060
Prince of Wales S. ..	3,189		125	...	10
Queen S. & W. Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	695
Rajpur Mfg. Co., Ld ..	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,250
Simson S.& W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,0
Samson and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld. ..	1,716	500	500	...	500
Shelapore S. & W. Co.		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,275
Sonderdas S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	445
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs 15	265
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld.	4,000	500	500	..	270
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	560
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	..	260
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld..	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Veeranguam S. & Mfg	500	500	50	..	..
Vemishunker Luxmishanker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	500
Western India S. ..	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,125
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares).....	750	400	400	Rs. 26	245
ellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	405
Bevel's Cawnpore	0	20	200	Rs. 15	195
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	135
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 55	315
East India Press Co...	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,225
nglish Press & Mfg.	400	250	...	Rs. 30	190
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	9,500	Rs. 0	1,100
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	505
Harvey & Sabapathy Khangaum Cotton Press Co	450	500	500	Rs. 25	44
Manmar Manag. Co....	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370 x 1
Mercantile Press	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	180
Mofussil Co	1,500	125	125	Rs. 5	55
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	422½
New Indian Press....	1,350	500	500	Rs. 45	512½
New P. of W. Press ..	4,000	125	125	Rs. 11	85
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.).....	600	600	All	Rs. 40	320
Sind Press Co.....	500	500	500	Rs. 50	50
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	470
Spencer Press Co.....	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Volkart Press.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	515
Khangnum Manfg. Co	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	575
	400		250		600

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Gt $ per ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c 2,55)
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.....	...	£ 19	...	at 5 p.c 420

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,05
Prince of Wales.....	250	5,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,650

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14-2
Carolas	,, 230
Mexican Dollars	,, 222
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 272
Bar Silver, 11½ bettorness	,, 106-7
Gold Leaf	,, 22-13
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 22-15
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 22-12
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 22-11
Pekin do.	,, 22-4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	98½
Four-and-a-half per cent.....	100
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	103½
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate.....	
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872.....	Nil
City of Paris Loan	228
Port Trust Bonds.....	94½

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks.....	On demand	1s. 4 31-32d.
Do, do.	Telegraphic	1s. 4 15-16d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight.	1s. 5 3-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do do...	1s. 5d.
Do. do.	6 Do do...	1s. 5 7-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do...	1s. 5 7-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do...	1s. 5 11-32d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do...	1s. 5½d.
Do. do.	6 Do do...	1s. 5¼d.
France.....	3 Do do...	1. 81¼d.
Do.	6 Do. do...	1. 82½d.
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16d.
Do.	60 days do...	99
Madras	At sight	100 1-16d.
Do.	30 days' do...	99
China	60 Do. do...	214 ½

The services of Mr. J. De C. Atkins, C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Financial Department.

Mr. C. G. Blathwayt, C.S., Collector of Canara, has been allowed furlough for sixteen months.

Mr. J. Davison, C.S., First Assistant Collector, Kanara, has been allowed furlough for one year.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Fine Arts Exhibition.—Boys morning. Girls afternoon.
G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Ball, Parel Institute, 9 p.m.
Bombay, Y. M. C. A. Annual Meeting, 8-30 p.m.
Polo in the Maidan, 4-45 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

Vessels arrived.—The following vessels arrived on the 19th:—Imperatrix (s), from Trieste. Yesterday:—Kt. Companion (s), from Cardiff; and Filkhurst (ship), New York.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Singapore (s), for Genoa; and Nevasa (s), Galle.

Victoria Dock.—The s.s. Mirzapore and Imperatrix entered, and the s.s. Busheer left the dock yesterday.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Singapore and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Brindisi, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., to-morrow.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Colombo, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Meduse, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 9-30 a.m., tomorrow.

Mr. Lazarus.—Mr. Lazarus, the well-known optician, has returned to Bombay, after a visit to the Colonies, and may be consulted daily at the Victoria Hotel.

Polo.—The game to-day will be:—Stripes—Captain Phayre, Mr. Barton, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Venables, and Mr. Hume, White—Mr. Graham, Mr. Prevost, Mr. Warden, and Mr. Lovett. To commence at 4-45 p.m.

Robbing a Child of its Ornaments.—Shaik Ahmed Shaik Ally, a calassee, residing in Hoozria Street, reports that whilst his niece, aged 2, years, was playing in front of his house on Wednesday, some person stole eight silver bangles, valued at Rs. 6, from her.

Bombay Y. M. C. A.—The annual general meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at the rooms of the Association at 8-30 p.m., and among the speakers will be Rev. Dr. Thoburn, Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. Dr. Lansdell, Rev. Dr. Mackichan, and Rev. R. A Squires.

A Correction.—In a paragraph in our issue of the 17th inst., about Sir Dinshaw Petit and Lady Sakabai proceeding to Oodwara, appeared a statement that the cost of the building to be attached to the fire-temple there would be Rs. 1,50,000. This is a typographical mistake, the correct figure being Rs. 15,000.

Relief needed for Mandvi.—This town is situated at the distance of about 22 miles from Surat, and is situated on the banks of the river Tapti. A destructive fire broke out on the 10th instant, and more than a hundred houses were destroyed by it. The loss is estimated roughly, at about Rs. 1,25,000, and assistance is urgently needed.

A Little Race.—Two gharriwallahs were yesterday placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charged with furious driving. From the evidence of the sepoy who arrested them, it seemed that they were racing their conveyances in a crowded thoroughfare in such a manner as to endanger passengers by. They admitted the charge, and were each fined Rs. 2.

Children's Fete Day at the Columbia Skating Rink.—To-night Mr. Simmons will give another exhibition of skating in character, in the amusing absurdity, the "Scientific Masher," and on Saturday afternoon will be held a grand children's fete, from 2 till 4 o'clock, for which the following programme of races has been arranged:—(1) Race of one mile, for little boys, 12 years and over. Prize—A pair of silver-plated skates. (2) Race for little boys, under 12. Prize—A silver badge. (3) Race for little girls, over 12. Prize—A pair of silver-plated skates. (4) Race of ½ a mile for little girls, under 12. Prize—A solid silver brooch. The competitions are likely to be of an amusing character. All children, under 12, will be admitted free. A grand Challenge Cup Race is announced for the night of Thursday, the 27th instant, and it will probably be one of the biggest contests of the season. It is also contemplated to hold a children's carnival shortly.

Selling Beef without a Licence.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court Mr. Enoch Solomon, Market Inspector, charged a woman, named Tayee, before Mr. P. Ryan, with bringing yesterday morning, without the permission of the Municipal Commissioner, a quantity of buffalo meat from Coorla, into the city of Bombay, intended for human food, and which had been slaughtered at a slaughter-house or place not maintained or licensed under the Municipal Act, and in contravention of section 412, sub-section (1) of the Municipal Act III. of 1888. The accused, on admitting the truth of the complaint, was convicted, and fined Rs. 10.

Pundit Moorlidhur Premjee of Hyderabad, (Sind) has lately arrived at Bombay; he possesses a fancy experience in the logic and Hindoo shastras; during his journey he had a visit with the present well-known Pundit Guttoo Laljee, in the village of Umrith, near Dakeri, where Pundit Jivanram of Baroda, was also present; discussions on the logic and other matters of Hindoo shastras were made, and at length the said Pundit found himself worthy of being possessed of a good and nice experience; he has also given a lecture in the house of Bhrumacharee Sucheedanund, Chowpatty, Bombay, and which was also proved praiseworthy to the hearers. Anyone who wishes to have an interview with him can do so in the day-time at the firm of Mooltani Luckmidass Teckchund, Chijujwara, outside the Fort, Bombay.

Fatal Accident.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday, at Trimbuck Purushram Street, respecting the death of Rama Wittoo, aged 35 years. The deceased was a cart-driver, and on Wednesday, while conveying a large iron mortar roller, weighing over a ton in his cart, and going down the slope of the Olivant Bridge at a rapid speed, the rope with which the roller was lashed gave way, and the roller struck the deceased, threw him on the road, and fell on him. The deceased was seriously hurt, and could not move. He was at once placed in a victoria, and taken to the J. J. Hospital, where he was removed by his friends to the house of his brother at Trimbuck Purushram Street, where he died at 5 p. m., on Wednesday. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

The Karachi Conge D'Elire.—The *Anglo-Lusitano*, writing on a recent episode, says:—We had always given credit for discretion to Sir Frank Adam, but his telegram from Karachi was an inopportune missive that never ought to have been read in a public meeting. This affair is sure to leave a bad precedent in future, and those who can canvas for votes will push themselves in front without the least distinction of merit. Mr. Geary cannot be blamed for not working to secure majority, as he had every reason to expect that the sensible gentlemen, composing the Committee, would not, on the present occasion, deviate from the rule that has been invariably followed since the establishment of the Municipality in Bombay. It is to the discredit of those who allowed themselves to be influenced, that this unexpected result has been due.

The Broach Scandal.—We hear that Government have directed a formal public inquiry against Mr. K. R. Bomanji, Assistant Collector, Broach. The enquiry was to commence yesterday, before Mr. Allen, at Bhadbhut, as Government have directed that it should be on the spot to suit the convenience of witnesses. Both sides will have the benefit of engaging their legal representatives and cross-examining the witnesses on the other side. Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad, B.A., LL.B., pleader, High Court, who was deputed by the Hindu community to get the correct facts of the case and who takes great interest, left Bombay by Tuesday's mail for Broach, and Mr. Branson was to leave by yesterday's mail for the prosecution. He will be instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, Mr. C. H. Setalvad, and other pleaders of the High Court. Among them was Mr. N. V. Gokhale, who will follow shortly to assist Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad.

Munshi Hargovind Dayal, M. A., Pleader, Lucknow.—This Kayasth gentleman, the founder of the Kayasth Conference, who has made the subject of social reform one of the principal items of his life, is on a visit to Hyderabad (Deccan) in company with Swami Saganchandji. The latter gentleman, who was formerly a Government servant, devotes the whole of his time in the amelioration of the Kayasth community by delivering lectures and organising sabhas. Munshi Hargovind Dayal, too, resigned the post of Government Pleader, Sitapur, to devote more attention to the cause of the Conference. They were invited by several Kayasth sabhas to visit, and see the working of the sabhas personally, and by other people to organise new sabhas. On their way to Hyderabad they spent a few days in Bombay with Mr. M. H. Nagar, partner of Messrs. A. H. Nagar and Co. Last Monday night on Mahashivratri holiday Mr. M. H. Nagar invited the Valmik Kayasths, residing in Bombay, to his place to meet the visitors from the N.-W. Provinces.

A Well-Known House-Breaker caught.—Police Inspector Hack, yesterday placed a man named Dondu Govind, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charged with house-breaking. Yesterday morning at 1-30, a sepoy, whilst going his rounds, heard a noise in a liquor-shop, kept by a man named Nusserwanjee Rustomjee, in Abdul Raymon Steet. He went round to the back, and caught the accused in the act of escaping from the premises. Upon going inside with the complainant, who had meanwhile appeared, he found that a drawer had been opened, and its contents strewn upon the ground. The accused, against whom there are no less than eight previous convictions, was convicted and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment, and his Worship warned him that should he be again brought before him at the expiration of his present sentence, he would be sent to the High Court, which meant transportation.

A Serious Joke.—A small boy yesterday, appeared before Mr. Cooper, at the Esplanade Police Court, with a complaint against another small boy, named Morojee Kalidass. It seemed that while at a fair the accused had snatched his skull cap from his head, and had run off, entering a house. A search was subsequently made, and he was arrested, the cap being found upon the 2nd floor of the house. His defence was that he often "played jokes" with the complainant, and that the complainant often played jokes with him. The complainant had a short time before run off with his cap, so he had returned the attention, intending to return it afterwards. He called a witness to prove his acquaintance with the complainant, but the witness evidently thought it more prudent to deny all knowledge of the case, with the result that the boy was convicted, and admitting a previous offence, was sent to the reformatory for two years.

House-breaking and Theft.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Inspector George charged Tatia Narayen before Mr. P. Ryan, with breaking into a house in 2nd Carpenter Street, occupied by a woman, named Soondra, on Wednesday, and stealing a box, containing gold and silver ornaments and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 986. The complainant locked her house at 7 a.m. on Wednesday, and went to the market. On her return after a short time she found her door open, and on looking around discovered the robbery. She at once reported the theft to the police, stating she suspected the accused owing to certain information she had received regarding him, he having been seen by the neighbours coming out of complainant's premises during her absence at the market. Tatia Narayen on being arrested took the police to a spot at Peepulwady, where he dug up and produced the stolen box, containing all the ornaments and cash. Tatia Narayen, on pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

WESTERN INDIA LAWN-TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP MEETING.

The entries for singles and doubles have been extended to Saturday, the 22nd instant, at 6 p.m.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Friday, 21st February.

8-30 p.m.—Mission Service and Sermon by the Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis. Subject: Temptation.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—February 17.

Pengree, Major, Bo, R A, on leave from Ahmedabad

February 19.

Manser, Col, Bo, 3rd Lt Cavy, on leave from Satara.

February 20.

Elphinstone, Lieut, 7th Bo Infy, on leave from Mhow.
Wighton, Lt-Col, Bo, R A, on duty from Surat.
Jamieson, Col, Bengal, S C, on leave from Meerut.
Vamenen, Lt. Bougal, 8th Cavy, on leave.
Lynch, Lt-Col, 1st Bo Gre, on leave from Ahmednagar.

DEPARTURES.—February 19.

Thatcher, Capt, Bo, Dy A A G, for Musketry, on duty to Bhuj.
Campboll, Col, Bengal, Corps of Guides, on furlough to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding Bo. Vol. R. Corps.
Bombay, 21st February, 1890.

1. The Battalion will parade on Saturday, the 22nd instant, at 4-45 p.m., at the Town Hall. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to Company N. C. officers detailed for that purpose. Ten rounds blank ammunition per man will be issued on parade.

Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars on Saturday, the 22nd instant, as follows:—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.

2. There will be a meeting of the members of the D Company after the Parade, on Saturday afternoon, at the Telegraph Quarters.

3. F Company class-firing will commence on Saturday, the 22th instant, and close on Saturday, the 29 instant, and not as previously stated. Any member not completing his class-firing within the prescribed time, and not being efficient, will not be eligible for the prizes presented by the officers of the Company.

4. The adjourned meeting of the Regimental Committee will be held this evening at Head-Quarters at 5-30 p.m.

5. As the annual Inspection will take place very shortly the Commanding Officer hopes that all who possibly can will attend next Saturday and on the subsequent Commanding Officer's Parades.

Bombay Light Horse.

6. The Squadron will parade at the Kennedy Sea Face near the Remount Stables, at 6-45 a.m. on Saturday, the 22nd instant, and march to the General Parade Ground for drill with H. E. the Governor's Body Guard. Swords and bandoliers only to be worn.

7. Members who wish to attend Mr. Steel's lectures are informed that the first will take place at 7-15 a. m. on Tuesday, the 25th instant, at the Veterinary College, Parel.

By Order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain and Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDER
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.

1. The Battery will parade at the Apollo Bunder on Saturday next, the 22nd instant at 4-15 p.m., and proceed to Middle Ground for practice from the 9 Pr. R.M.L. gun. Dress.—Uniform and helmets without ball, badge or chin chain.

2. The proficiency class will meet at Head Quarters at 6-30 p.m. to-day.

3. The order for class-firing to-day is cancelled owing to the meeting of the Bo Vol Rifle Association.

4. There will be no meeting of the Volunteer Rifle Association on Wednesday at Coorla, and the Matches fixed for that day will be fired on Thursday, and those fixed for Thursday to-day.

5. There will be a Battery Committee Meeting on Monday next the 24th Instant at 6-30 p.m. Members of the Committee are requested to attend.

By order,
A. LESLIE, Captain,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

A correspondent of the *Pioneer*, referring to the recent discussion of the industrial problem in India which has been raised in a pamphlet by the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha, points out that no allusion has been made to the assistance which could be given by wealthy natives, and especially by the rich zemindars of Bengal and the North-Western Provinces. Take the cases of men like the Maharajas of Durbhunga, of Dumraon, or Hutwa, and scores of others, whose surplus incomes are enormous, and whose plain duty it should be to foster, if not initiate, the industries of the people, in at least their own districts. But, with few exceptions, they are content to pass their lives in idleness, in the tomfooleries of a "congress," or in devising schemes for screwing more money out of their wretched tenants, to be spent on idle "tamashas" or in feasting sporting globe-trotters. If there was a single spark of genuine patriotism in these drones of the great hive, we should expect that at least an attempt would be made by them in fields which are now left absolutely to foreigners.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, February 20.)

Military Department.

The Aden Naval Volunteers.—The following appointment is made:—Capt Elward Bishop, I M, to be Commander.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year on private affairs:—Col J G McRae, S C, Conservator of Forests in Sind.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on private affairs:—Major J Humfrey, S C, Dist Supt of Police, Karachi Dist.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year on private affairs:—Col S S Jacob, S C, Ex Engr, Jeypore.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Surgn-Major J Davidson, I M S, and Lieut W W Batiscombe, S C.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—Col V Birch, S C, six months, medical certificate; and Col G E Hancock, S C, three months, private affairs.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the S C; the specified period to count from date of being struck of duty:—Capt R I. Scallon, S C, Wing Commander, 23rd Regt (2nd Battn Rifle Regt), Bo Infy, for nine months.

1st Battn B B and C I Railway Vol Rifle Corps.—The following appointment is made to complete establishment:—C H Ross, Gent, to be second Lieut.

The following Native promotions are made with effect from the 4th Jan 1890:—8th Bombay Infantry—Jamadar Shaikh Kasim (1st) to be Subhedar, and Havaldar Keshonak Ramnak to be Jamadar, vice Lakshiman Katge, deceased.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the S C; the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty:—Capt W B Piers, S C, Wing Commander, 3rd Bo L I, for one year.

The undermentioned officer having completed twenty-six years' service, eight of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Lieut Col from the date specified, subject to H M's approval:—Staff Corps—Major F H Blansbard.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty:—Capt A Phayre, S C, 3rd Sqdn Comdr, 3rd Bo Cavy (Aide-de-Camp to H E the Governor), for one year.

The following Native promotions are made:—2nd Lancers—Jamadar Fateh Ali to be Ressaldar and Dafedar Dalchand to be Jamadar, vice Ressaidar Weliddin Khan, pensioned.

The undermentioned Volunteer Officers are transferred to the Unattached List, with effect from the dates specified:—G I P R Vol Rifle Corps,—Capt L E H Brock, and Capt W Wright, 27th August 1889; and Lieut T B St J Bashford, 1st August 1889.

Ecclesiastical Department.

The Rev A G Cane, M A, Chaplain of Satara, is granted furlough to Europe for two years from the 25th March 1890, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Political Department.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major J M Hunter to be sub pro tem. Political Agent, Kathiawar, both days inclusive, during the absence of Mr Lely on leave.

The following appointments have been made during Khan Bahadur Dhanjisha Hormasji's absence on furlough:—Rao Bahadur Dayashankar Jivanlal, sub pro tem Third Depy Assist Political Agent, Kathiawar, to act as Second Depy Assist Political Agent; Rao Bahadur Nathu Nanabhai sub pro tem Fourth Depy Assist Political Agent to be sub pro tem Third Depy Assist Political Agent; Rao Saheb Gholabhai Thakordas, Head Clerk to the Political Agent, to act as Fourth Depy Assist Political Agent.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major W P Kennedy on relief of his duties as Administrator, Porbandar, to act as Fourth Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, as a temporary measure.

The appointment of Mr J Sladen, C S, to act as Fourth Assist Political Agent, Kathiawar, is cancelled.

Col A M Phillips and Capt M T Lyde respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Second-in-Command, Savantvadi Local Corps, and ex-officio Assistant to the Political Supt, Savantvadi, on the 30th ultimo.

Judicial Department.

The Governor in Council has accepted the resignation by Rao Saheb Sitanath Gopinath Ajinkya of his appointment as Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge.

Under Section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, Azam Narayan Ganesh Nadgir, Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Belgaum, is empowered to pass sentences of whipping.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Hon the Chief Justice of H M's High Court of Judicature during the period for which Mr. A. K. Oliver has been appointed to act as Assist Commissioner for taking Accounts and Taxing Officer, until further orders:—Rao Bahadur Krishnamukhram Atmaram Mehta to act as Depy Registrar and Sealer of the Court, and Rao Saheb Ranchhodlal Kapurchand Desai to act as Assist Registrar and Supdt of the High Court Press.

Mr J B Alcock assumed charge of the office of Judge and Session Judge of Dharwar on the 10th inst.

Azam Rajerao Vithal Mangalvedhekar, acting Head Karkun of taluka Ron in the district of Dharwar, is appointed, under Sec 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with additional powers.

A'zam Gururao Venkatesh Anvatti, acting Head Karkun of taluka Sindgi in the district of Bijapur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district, and is invested with additional powers.

Lieut D. B. Thomson and Lieut-Col E. V. Stace respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Aden, on the 4th November.

Lieut-Col E V Stace and Mr G S Curtis, C S, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Aden, on the

LADY REAY'S FANCY FAIR.

NOTICE.

THE FAIR will be open to the Public daily from WEDNESDAY next, 26th inst., to SATURDAY 1st March, both days included, from 4-30 p.m., to 7-30 p.m., and on the THURSDAY and SATURDAY the Fair will be reopened in the evening from 9 p.m. to 11 p.m.

Dinner will be provided for about 60 persons in a Tent on the grounds on the THURSDAY and SATURDAY. Ladies and gentlemen wishing to engage tables can do so by entering their names in a book to be found in the Tent in question.

Season Tickets, admitting to the main enclosure at all times when the Fair is open, can now be obtained at SOUNDY and Co., Price Rs. 4.

No free passes will be granted except to Stall holder's native servants.

H. M. PHIPSON,
Honorary Secretary.

LADY REAY'S FANCY FAIR.

NOTICE.

WANTED CONTRIBUTIONS of all sorts of LIVE ANIMALS, BIRDS, &c., suitable for a PET STALL, such as—

Puppies, Owls, Panther Cubs, Guinea-pigs, Kittens, Canaries, Antelopes, Cheetah Cubs, Cockatoos, Cats, Calves, Monkeys, Mynas, Mongooses, Hedgehogs, Tiger Cubs, Lambs, Hawks, Dogs, Rabbits, Kangarroos, Love-birds, Young Lions, Kids, Porcupines, Pigeons, Donkey Foals, Goslings, Baby-Bears, Tortoises, Lemurs, Guinea-fowl, Gold and Silver Fish in bowls, Bullfinches, Bulbuls, Chameleons, Parrots, Hares, Foxes, Doves, Aquaria, Turkeys, Flamingoes, Deer, Gazelles, Jungle-fowl, Squirrels, Peacocks, Otters, Sarus Cranes, and White Mice.

All Contributions to be addressed to

H. M. PHIPSON,
Honorary Secretary,
Lady Reay's Fund,
6, Apollo Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN ATTENDING the EVENING PARTY at Government House, Malabar Point, THIS DAY, are requested to drive in by the Lower Gate. The carriages will be parked outside the Upper Gate, and on taking up at the platform will drive out by the Lower Gate.

J. HUMPHREY, Major,
Ag. Commissioner of Police.
Police Commissioners Office, Bombay 21st. February 1890.

MR. N. LAZARUS has the pleasure to inform his numerous friends that he has RETURNED to INDIA after an absence of two years, and can be consulted at the Victoria Hotel (opposite the Gymkhana) between the hours of 10 and 5 for a few days only.

MR. LAZARUS' new "SPECIALITE" Spectacle, a result of the remarkable advance in optical science literally enables him to give NEW EYES to all suffering from defective vision.

The medical profession is specially invited to inspect these wonderful appliances.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!!

JUST arrived at Bombay, a SHIPMENT of 350 HORSES, selected by the well-known importer, C. G. Baldock, consisting of Upstanding Carriage Pairs, from 15 hands to 16 hands 3 in., with weight carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also a choice selection of Dog-Cart and Brougham Horses. To be inspected, opposite the Tramway Stables, Colaba.

THE EXCELSIOR BILLIARD CUSHIONS on the new PATENT LOW PRINCIPLE are now being made by BY JOHN ROBERTS AND CO. LD. and can be supplied at the same price. as those made on the old principle. Price Lists free on application to. JOHN ROBERTS AND Co. LD. GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS, AND PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS, 18, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST.

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

NOTICE.

MR. C. A. GRAVES.
DENTAL SURGEON.
HAS REMOVED
from Medows Street to
ESPLANADE ROAD.
(next to National Bank of India)
and Malabar Hill Road.

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JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.,

L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,

SURGEON-ELECTRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON,

Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and West End Hospital for Nervous Diseases, London,

CAN BE CONSULTED FOR

DISEASES OF THE EAR, NOSE, AND THROAT,

From 3 to 5 p.m.

10, CHURCH GATE STREET.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair Share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed,

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

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NOTES
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 20.

THE greater animation in several branches of the export trade of this port, noticed in our last weekly report, has not been sustained, and we now advise a greater feeling again, all round. Cotton has latterly been in less request under the influence of advices from the ruling markets for this staple, and prices have given way to a small extent; while for Wheat and Seeds inquiry for export has fallen off again, and transactions are now upon a moderate scale. Exchange became strong and advancing at the beginning of the week, and continued steady, when not moving upward, till to-day, when a weaker feeling supervened, and a portion of the advance was lost; this evening's rates, however, being 5-32d. higher, both for Bank and Private Paper, than they were a week ago. Government Paper has advanced 9-16 in Four per cents. the continued lightness of Money notwithstanding. Freights, which had become quiet, are now firm and advancing again. No change has taken place in the position of Imports, the causes which have militated against improvement still restricting the trade back in its ready and arrival branches.

MONEY.—In view of the increased activity which obtained in several branches of our export trade during the period covered by the Presidency Bank's Statement issued at the beginning of the week, and the continued lightness of money in the open market a sensible diminution in the Banks Cash Balance was generally looked for; and although a falling off of only half a lakh was discovered, the movement in the items which go to show the position of the trade demand had been in every case indicative of an increase in that direction, Private Deposits having diminished, while Loans and Discounts had increased—the latter considerably, the total expansion of trade requirements being represented by over 21½ lakhs. There had, however, been a material accession to Public Deposits which helped the balance, and over 9½ lakhs of Government Securities had been realised. No further change was made at the board meeting this afternoon, and the Bank's minimum rate remains, therefore, at 11 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE was firm all day last Friday, and a fair amount of Merchants' Bills came out for March delivery at 1s. 5 1-32d. to 1s. 4 31-32d. Business was done between Banks in Telegraphic at 1s. 4 13-16d. for February, and 1s. 4¾d. for March transfer, which was still quoted at the close; but there was scarcely any demand for remittance. The market remained quiet to the close of the week with no change from Friday's closing rates for this and next month. A considerable line of Merchants Bills was sold for ready delivery at 1s. 5 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits; and 1s. 5d. for the 14th proximo, and 1s. 4 31-32d. for the last mail of next month were offered, for Bills, however coming out. On Monday, a slight advance in the price of Silver in London was reported, and Exchange here was strong and advancing, and Banks were reluctant buyers for forward delivery, but willing sellers, without finding any demand for remittance. Bank Telegraphic was quoted at 1s. 4¾d. for the 7th March, and at 1s. 4¾d. for the 7th April transfer; and Credits, for March delivery, were 1s. 5¼d. to 1-16d. The market was firm all day on Tuesday, and closed for Bank remittance 1-32d. higher than the morning's rates. Business was very dull, no Merchants' Bills coming out at the advance, and remitters entirely neglecting the favourable drawing rates offered. Bank Telegraphic was quoted at 1s. 4 15-16d. for the 7th March transfer, 1s. 4 13-16d. for the 7th April, and 1s. 4 11-16d. for May; and credits at 1s. 5 7-32 to 3-16d. for March, and 1s. 5¼d. for April delivery. Yesterday the market was steady at an advance of 1-32d. on Tuesday's closing rates, but with very little doing, the higher quotations given by banks not leading to business, and Private Paper being in most limited supply, while a general desire was apparent to await the result of Council allotments before entering upon fresh transactions. In presence of the news to hand this morning that nearly the whole of the amount to be tendered for had been allotted in Wire Transfers (Bombay getting 15, Calcutta 14, and Madras 6 lakhs) at 1s. 5d., and that 40 lakhs will be allotted next week. This market has been quiet at a decline of about 1-16d. Business has been done forward in three months' sight Credits at 1s. 5¼d. from the 14th March, and at 1s. 5d. from the middle of April. Bank Telegraphic is quoted at 1s. 4 27-32d. to 13-16d. for March transfer, and 1s. 4¾d. for April; but there is scarcely any enquiry for remittance. We quote closing ready rates at :—

Bank Bills on Demand		1s. 4 31-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic		1s. 4 15-16d.	,,
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 5 3-32d.	,,
Do.	4 do.	1s. 5¼d.	,,
Do.	6 do.	1s. 5 7-32d.	,,
Credits	3 do.	1s. 5 7-32d.	,,
Do.	6 do.	1s. 5 11-32d.	,,
Documents	3 do.	1s. 5¼d.	,,
Do.	6 do.	1s. 5¾d.	,,
France	3 do.	181¼	,,
Do.	6 do.	182¼	,,

The weekly official Statement relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 19th Feb. '90, Rs.		56,47,414
Silver received during the week	,,	30,49,659
	Rs.	86,97,093
New coin paid during the week	,,	24,03,604
	Rs.	63,93,489
Bullion belonging to private individuals	,,	76,90,997
	Rs.	1,40,84,486
Last week	,,	1,24,33,298

GOVERNMENT PAPER remained quiet on last mail day with scarcely any movement either way; but the feeling was steady, with rather an upward tendency than otherwise. Fours were quoted for cash at 98 3-16; for the next settling day on the 3rd proximo at 98 9-16; and for the 30th March account at 98⅝. On Saturday the market was closed; but 98 5-16 was quoted outside for Fours for cash. On re-opening on Monday, the market was firm at a further advance in quotations, but transactions were upon a comparatively small scale. Four per cents. for cash, after touching 98½ closed at 98 7-16; while for the next and 30th March accounts 98 11-16 to 13-16, and 99⅛ to 3-16, respectively, were quoted. The price of Fours for cash further advanced 3-16 per cent. on Tuesday 98⅝ having been quoted throughout the day, and was also the closing price; while for the next settlement 98 15-16 became the rate, and 99⅜ for the end of March account. The upward movement continued yesterday, and Four per cents, after being quoted at 98⅝ during the greater part of the day closed at 98 13-16, while for the coming settlement, the rate advanced to 99. There has been no further movement in rates to-day, 98⅝ to 98 13-16 being the closing price for Fours for cash, with 99 quoted for the 3rd inst., and 99⅜ for the 30th idem, with buyers on both lines 4½ per cents have been quoted at par; nominal, throughout the week.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is unchanged at 103½; Port Trust Bonds are ¼ per cent. lower, at 94⅜.

SHARES.—Little actual business has been passing in this market during the week, and the feeling has been especially dull with regard to Cotton Mill scrip, prices of which show a more or less considerable decline in a number of cases compared with our quotations of a week ago. Albert Edward Mill shares are Rs. 100 lower; Alfred Manufacturing have declined Rs. 80; Empress, Hinganghat, and Indian Manufacturing are Rs. 55 down; Swadeshi are Rs. 40 lower; David have declined Rs. 30; Alliance are Rs. 20 lower; City of Bombay, and New Great Eastern are both Rs. 15 down. In Press shares we note a decline of Rs. 15 in Apollo, and Rs. 2½ in Moffussil; while Bombay Cotton are Rs. 2½ up. In Miscellaneous shares, Prince of Wales Fire are Rs. 50 down. Port Canning are Rs. 5 lower, Marcks and Co. are Rs. 5 up; Kemp and Co., are Rs. 2½ higher; and Bapty Flour have declined Rs. 2. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ down.

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.—The lightness of the money market continues to interfere with demand in the bazaar, and rates for staple Grey Goods are ruling in buyers' favour, while stocks are increasing. In Bleached Goods only a small business is passing and sales are weak. Turkey Red, Printed, and Dyed Goods show no change. Manufacturers of Local Goods are very anxious to make clearances at current rates, but without much success; and a fall in prices is expected shortly. The clearances of Imported Goods for the week have been about 3,180 packages, and of Local some 1,500 bales.

YARNS.—Imported Twist has been quiet, and a small business only has transpired on the basis of previous rates. Bazaar dealers have made clearances of about 2,000 bales at slightly lower figures; but Spinners are steady at previous prices. There is, however, a moderate demand for superior makes of No. 10s. and 16s; but of such makes there are no sellers. Stocks have, on the whole, slightly increased. The sales for the week have been about 5,000 bales; and the market closes quiet at the following official quotations :—

Twist...	...No. 6s	Mule, As.	5½	...	per lb.
,, ...	,, 8s	,, ,,	5½	...	,,
,, ...	,, 10s	,, ,,	5⅝	to 6½	,,
,, ...	,, 12s	,, ,,	5⅝	to 6½	,,
,, ...	,, 16s	,, ,,	5⅞	to 6½	,,
,, ...	,, 20s	,, ,,	5 15-16	to 6½	,,
,, ...	,, 24s	,, ,,	6¼	to 7	,,
,, ...	,, 30s	,, ,,	7⅛	to 7½	,,

METALS.—A small business has been done during the week in Copper, but the market has been steady at previous quotations and the same remark applies to Yellow Metal. Iron is quiet with but little enquiry for any description, but previous rates are quoted all round.

COAL.—There has been no change to speak in this market during the past week. The demand for the mineral, say for cargoes near at hand and on the spot keeps fairly active, and some 1,500 tons of Hasting's West Hartley "for Innishowen Head" (s), now due, found buyers at Rs. 19½ per ton. For Powell's Duffryn importers are asking Rs. 20¾ per ton, but buyers' views are slightly lower. A sale is reported of a quantity of Powell's, by a steamer just sailed, at the above rate. The market closes firm at our quotations, say

Powell's	Rs. 21	per ton.
Davison's	,, 19½	,,

EXPORTS.

COTTON remained firm in tone here to the close of last week, with arrival prices for Broach and Bhownugger quoted Re. 1 per candy higher, but with only a moderate demand from exporters and local spinners. A steady feeling was still apparent on the re-opening of the market on Monday, but inquiry was still more restricted; and on the following day the influence of the later advices from Liverpool and New York was apparent in a quieter market, the late advance in the two growths above mentioned being lost. The same quiet feeling continued thereafter with business on a small scale, while a decline of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 in prices, all round, was established. The largest line during the past week has been in Bengals, of which European buyers have taken the greater proportion, at prices ranging from Rs. 172 to Rs. 195 according to quality, Julgaum coming next at Rs. 205-7, the principal buyers of this growth having been local spinners. The other purchases of ready stuff have been mainly in Khangaun, at Rs. 213-21; Dhulia, at Rs. 200; Karanja, at Rs. 210-32; Nugger, at Rs. 210-13, Bhownugger, at Rs. 227-9; and Mowa, at Rs. 224-8 per candy. In arrival business, European buyers have contracted for Broach for March delivery, at Rs. 253-4 for "Fine"; "Fully Good" Bhownugger, for April-May, at Rs. 225; and a little "Good" Western, at Rs. 218, for May-June delivery. The market closed steady this evening with prices generally on a level with last Thursday evening's excepting for Khangaum, for which they were Re. 1 to Rs. 2 lower.

Arrivals of the new crop continue on a rather smaller scale than at this time last season, the receipts for the past week having been 74,500 bales compared with 87,000 bales last season for the corresponding week; and the recess of arrivals of new Cotton this season as against last has become reduced to 93,500 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz :—

Cotton—	Per candy. C & F	Per lb.
Bengal Fine	Rs. 196 =	4 11-32d
Do Fully Good	,, 182 =	4 1-16d
Do Good	,, 177 =	3 15-16d
Beistee, Fine	,, 210 =	4¾
Do. Fully Good	,, 207 =	4 13-16d
Do. Good	,, 201 =	4¼d
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple)	,, 225 =	4 15-16d
Do. Good do	,, 219 =	4 13-16d
Khandeish, Fully Good	,, 210 =	4¾
Do. Good	,, 205 =	4 17-32d
Broach, Fine March	,, 253 =	5 17-32d
Do. Good do	,, 242 =	5 5-16d
Dhollera, Fine (Apr-May)	,, 234 =	5¼
Do. Fully Good do	,, 224 =	4 5-16d
Do Good do	,, 212 =	4 21-32d
S-G Dharwar, Good (May)	,, 225 =	4 15-16d
Western, Good (May-June)	,, 218 =	4 25-32d

The arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows :—

	Season. 1889-90.	Season. 1888-89.
	Bales.	Bales.
Bengals	261,500	130,300
Berar	194,500	208,100
Khandeish	163,000	142,600
Barsi and Nugger	45,500	32,600
Hinganghat	23,500	22,200
Persian and Sind	15,000	6,200
Broach	13,500	72,200
Dhollera	16,000	27,800
	735,500	642,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the two previous years:—

Receipts.	1890.	1889.	1888.
For the Week	75,826	89,953	50,665
From 1st Jan. to 19th Feb.	469,140	473,791	261,462
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	40,513	60,242	19,327
From 1st Jan. to 19th Feb.	235,833	269,781	128,429
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	410	780	1,521
From 1st Jan. to 19th Feb	8,067	5,317	6,061

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat for the Week	42,659	80,556	60,634
Do. from 1st Jan to 19th Feb	638,989	781,433	490,596
Linseed for the Week	53,249	43,424	43,376
Do. from 1st Jan to 19th Feb	151,581	206,027	253,899
Rapeseed for the Week	28,283	11,884	1,852
Do. from 1st Jan to 19th Feb	113,716	95,543	22,999
Gingelly seed for the Week	50,346	47,130	29,367
Do. from 1st Jan to 19th Feb	272,701	361,151	370,530

WHEAT.—A large business was done in this market on last mail day and prices of White Pessy, of both qualities, and No. 1 Club Delhi advanced 1 anna per cwt., say to Rs. 4-8, Rs. 4-7, and Rs. 4-6, respectively, and the tone continued firm to the close of the week, but without change in rates. On Monday the market was closed for a holiday, and on the following day demand had subsided and thereafter the market became quiet with only a small business passing, but prices unaltered.

SEEDS also were firm last Friday though business was only upon a moderate scale; but on the following day there was a good enquiry especially for Linseed, the price of which moved up 1 anna per cwt., say, to Rs. 6 9-0 to Rs. 7-0-0 and considerable transactions transpired. On the re-opening of the market after the native holiday, the firmness had been lost and things settled down into a quiet state with little doing in any description and prices unchanged.

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows :—

Wheat for the Week	56,556	142,881	43,584
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Feb.	603,559	1,176,243	340,027
Linseed for the Week	7,204	35,850	26,152
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Feb.	144,164	298,997	275,831
Rapeseed for the Week	500	7,380	...
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Feb.	78,499	259,696	63,852
Gingelly seed for the Week	11,189	79,396	42,164
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Feb.	291,387	286,313	335,635

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 19.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats easier.

Good Dhollera ..... 4 11-16d.

The Manchester Market is flat.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3½d.
8¼ ,, ,,	6-6d.
40s Mule Twist	9¾d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4¼d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	87½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69⅝
4½ per cent. ,,	71½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107⅛
Bar Silver	43 3/16d. per oz.

[A telegram of to-day's date, to hand this evening, reports the reduction of the Bank of England rate to 5 per cent.]

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

RANGOON.

MARRIAGE.

FISCHER—HOLBERTON—February 4, at the Registrar's Office, Rangoon, Lieut. T. A. Fischer, Bo. S. C., to Frances Maud Holberton, daughter of Colonel T. N. Holberton, R. A.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BEALE—February 17, at Puri, the wife J A Beale, Dist Engineer, prematurely of a son, (still-born).
LAWRENCE—February 9, the wife of John Lawrence, E I Ry, Nawadih, of a daughter.
ROBERTSON—February 7, at Lucknow, the wife of W S Robertson, D U K Railway, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

ALLEN—SANDEMAN—February 10, at St John's Church Calcutta, by the Rev H B Hyde, Herbert Vallentine Allen H M B P S, to Harriet Marie Douglas, youngest daughter of the late Douglas Sandeman, H M Bengal Pilot service.

DEATH.

WHYTOCK—February 8, at Serajgunge, of wounds inflicted by a leopard, Pat. Whytock, aged 26 only son of the late George Whytock, Broughty Ferry, Dundee.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1890.

WHEN SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN spoke of the administration reports of certain Native States as "works of fiction," he obviously cannot have had in mind the reports which have issued from time to time from the Baroda Secretariat. A plainer or more matter of fact collection of documents could scarcely be conceived than that in which the administration of H. H. the Gaekwar has been chronicled by the shrewd and industrious Minister, Mr. Laxamon Jagganath. The latest of the series brings the record down to July, 1888, and though this may seem to be somewhat out of date, it really testifies to his Excellency's promptitude, for, on his entrance upon office, he found that the issue of reports was greatly in arrears, and the Gaekwar's Government owe it to him that a very considerable lee-way has thus been made up. The report, like those which have gone before it, is characterised by a straightforward simplicity, and an entire absence of the particular demerits which seem to have provoked Sir Lepel Griffin's distrust in the administration reports of Native States. Baroda belongs, in most respects, to the category of those happy States whose annals are dull, and the year under review presented few features of special interest. The Gaekwar's Minister seems to have no passion for reform, preferring rather to pursue steadily and thoroughly the old and well-tried paths. The only measure in the year's record which comes under the description of reform was the abolition over a considerable part of the Gaekwar's territory of the harassing and obstructive transit duties to which trade in Baroda, as well as most of the Native States, had long been subjected. Certain important revisions in the Customs tariff also came into operation in the year reported on. You cannot make an omelette without breaking eggs, and you cannot abolish productive, even if pernicious, sources of revenue without paying for it. Hence the falling off of customs revenue by nearly a lakh and a half in the year. But the Gaekwar and his Ministers may console themselves for this temporary loss of revenue by the belief that economic history will repeat itself, and that the removal of burdens upon trade in Baroda will in the end prove as profitable to the administration as to the trading community itself. Since the close of the year to which this report relates the Gaekwar has shown his confidence in this policy by applying it to the remaining portions of his territory. The other new arrangements introduced during the year had relation to the collection of the Abkari revenue. Much of the criticism to which the Abkari policy of the Government of Bombay has lately been subjected applies equally to the arrangements here described, for the simple reason that they owe their existence to the solicitations of the Bombay authorities. What we disapproved of in the Bombay Presidency we cannot approve of when applied to Baroda. For instance, the minimum guaranteed revenue system, which, until it was modified a few months since, was a distinctly pernicious element in the Bombay Abkari arrangements, was extended during the year under review to the Baroda division and to those portions of the Nowsari division which had previously been free from it. There are proofs in the returns before us that the system was not merely theoretically bad, but that it must in practice have been accompanied with the pernicious incidents which those who have studied this question always expect to accompany it. The farmers had to pay nearly forty thousand rupees, the difference between the minimum amount of still-head duty which they had guaranteed to pay, and the duty actually paid on spirits removed from the stills. We can only hope that now that the Government of Bombay have in practice admitted the evil of the minimum guarantee principle as thus applied, they will not saddle it upon the neighbouring Native States any longer than is necessary. They have experimentally introduced into two of the Bombay districts what will probably prove to be a comparatively unobjectionable method of letting the liquor farms, and when the experiment has been satisfactorily concluded, there should be no delay in letting the adjacent Native States have the benefit of our experience in the matter.

Abkari and Customs reforms apart, there is little to notice in the proceedings of the year beyond a careful and vigilant conduct of the routine of administration. Ample details are given of the working of all departments in the State, and so little do the administration seem disposed to make the record seem better than the reality that throughout the report the figures are left to point their own inference without any help from the compiler. Generalisation, however, is in most cases comparatively easy. Thus the conclusion pointed to by the statistics of the Judicial Department is that while the number of officers has been slightly reduced, there has been a substantial increase of celerity in the despatch of judicial business. So long as the Gaekwar can insure to his subjects prompt, inexpensive, and certain justice, he will be fulfilling the highest expectations that can reasonably be formed regarding the ruler of a Native State. Of the police force it may be as difficult to speak confidently in Baroda as it is in many other parts of India. But the administration pay the force well, and so far they have done what is required of them to ensure that the force shall be a help rather than a burden upon the community. The Government seem on the whole to get good men for their money, for about thirty-four per cent. of the force are able to read and write—a rather noteworthy fact, seeing that in the Bombay city force only twenty-nine per cent. are returned as literate. The fact deserves to be brought under the notice of the Bombay authorities for the constant complaints that have been heard regarding the quality of the Bombay force have always been followed by the retort that the men would be better if the pay were better. We cannot pass by the chapter relating to extradition without asking once more whether the powers of extradition now in existence cannot be enlarged so as to cover offences by British subjects against the bankruptcy laws. In a single year two hundred and ten men were surrendered to Baroda from British districts and the adjoining Native States, while Baroda in her turn surrendered a hundred and fifty-seven. We are told that the system of mutual extradition between Baroda and the neighbouring British districts and Native States has been working satisfactorily, and that the continuation of cordial co-operation in this respect is most essential to the repression of crime and the maintenance of order, the common aim of all good administrations. This is strictly true, and the only observation that it invites is that so excellent a principle should be extended to those offences against commercial morality which under the present loose arrangements can be committed with impunity by any one who has a city of refuge in a Native State. The department in which expenditure is largest in Baroda is that of public works, the outlay in which, during the year under review, was a little under twenty-eight and three quarter lakhs. This is as it should be, and it is creditable to the administration that establishment charges were only 7¾ per cent. Comparisons may be odious; but there is no reason why we should not point out that in the Bombay Public Works Department establishment charges last year were little less than 20 per cent. The largest item in expenditure was that on the new water-works, the outlay upon which was over ten lakhs. The magnificent palace which has for some years been in course of erection at Baroda looms less largely in the account than it did. But on the other hand, here was a large [expenditure upon civil buildings and upon communications. The number of roads and bridges scheduled amongst the original works testifies to the fact that the Public Works Department is beneficially active.

In the matter of local self-government the Baroda State seems to be entirely without ambition. The city of Baroda has a municipality, but it has no municipal councillors, and though there is a municipal revenue, it constitutes an inconsiderable portion of the municipal expenditure, which amounts to little short of four lakhs a year. The cost of municipal administration in the city, as well as in the districts, is, in fact, almost entirely met by treasury grants. There is still a wide difference between municipal expenditure in the capital and in the district municipalities, the total grants to the latter being under seventy thousand rupees. But a new Baroda is springing up, with handsome markets, spacious thoroughfares, and good roads, and the realisation of the Gaekwar's ambition to make the capital worthy of his State costs money. There is no need to refer to the ample details that are given in the chapter relating to education, as we described at length some days since the important advance that has been made in public instruction in Baroda in recent years. It will suffice here to state that more liberal grants are year by year being made to the department. One disappointing feature, however, claims notice, and that is the reluctance of the Gaekwar's subjects to make use of the facilities offered them for technical instruction. Thus while the science class at the Baroda College attracted only two students at the end of the year the artizan class started at Baroda had to be closed for want of attendance. In the medical chapter of the report two facts are mentioned which indicate progress in the State. The one is the increasing appreciation which the people show for vaccination; the other is the growing recognition of the superiority of European methods of treating disease over those of the native vaidyas. With a word about the railways owned by the State our review of the report may conclude. The Gaekwar's State Railway gave a return equivalent to 3½ per cent. upon the capital invested—a result which should encourage other of the Native States to lay down lines of a similar character. They practically lose nothing by it directly; indirectly they and their subjects substantially gain. This view of the case seems to be accepted by the Baroda authorities, for in the year under review an extension of the two-feet six line to Bodeli was resolved upon, as well as the laying down of a broad-gauge line from Anand to Petlad, the cost of the two being estimated at about ten lakhs. It is satisfactory to notice that no difficulties connected with the vexed question of jurisdiction have interfered with this latter project, the British Government having allowed the jurisdiction over that part of the line which runs through Baroda territory to remain with his Highness.

CONSIDERABLE alarm has been created in Melbourne recently by the discovery of the typhoid microbe in the water from the Yan Yean which supplies most of the city. This microbe is not actually proved to be the cause of typhoid fever, for the result of administration to animals is speedy death without specifically typhoid symptoms, and it is impossible to make experiments on human beings; but the microbe is invariably present in cases of typhoid, and is never found where typhoid is absent, so that the presumption is strong. The water in the reservoir was found to be free from this particular microbe, though many others were present; but it has been found in the pipes. The supposition is that the microbe gained access to the water in the pipes through the fire plugs in the mains. As a cubic centimeter of infected liquid will yield in a brief space 41,000 colonies of microbes, which will produce other colonies too numerous to be counted, the danger would be considerable when the conditions happen to be favourable to their multiplication. It is something to know that the admixture of seven grains of caustic lime to a gallon of tainted water will destroy the typhoid microbe in three hours. The French chemist who detected the microbe in the drinking water recommended that some tons of lime should be thrown into the reservoir daily. But as the lime would soon lose its effect, householders are advised, when there is doubt as to the purity of the water, to apply the lime in the proportion just mentioned to the water used for household consumption, the mortality in Melbourne from typhoid has been for some time past serious. It is however very properly pointed out that the true course is to make sure that the water is pure when delivered, and to ensure this, it is recommended that all habitations and drains within the area of the gathering grounds which feed the reservoirs should be immediately removed.

THE danger is not confined to Australia. In England there have been striking instances of the spread of epidemics by pollution from distant and unsuspected sources of the water-supply of considerable towns. At Swansea there was an outbreak of typhoid which was found to proceed from the drainage of two farm-houses which percolated through the soil into the reservoir at a considerable distance, and at a lower elevation. Bangor derives its water-supply from a small river. A few years since there was an epidemic of typhoid which was very widespread and fatal. It was found that away up in the hills a tiny rivulet passed near a house in which there had been a case of typhoid. The rivulet carried the microbe, if microbe it be, to the river, and the river to Bangor, where it scattered disease and death broadcast. It is well to bear these facts in mind when the question is under consideration whether or not the Bombay Municipality ought to purchase the seventeen hundred acres of the gathering ground around the proposed Powai Lake, as well as the five hundred acres which are to be actually submerged. There are hamlets on the gathering ground which can only be removed by first purchasing the land on which they stand, and the adjacent fields. It seems to be self-evident that once it was decided to purchase the land—the bottom of the cup—to contain the additional water-supply deemed necessary to avert a water-famine next year, it became a logical necessity to take over the gathering ground, the complement of the cup, at the same time, in order that the process of fouling the ground can be made to cease some time before the first rains fall and scour away what the sun and the wind have not dissipated. To decide this question of obtaining possession of the catchment area a Committee has been appointed to consider and report.

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD REAY, Governor of Bombay, accompanied by Mr S. W. Edgerly, Acting Private Secretary, and Captain Playne, A.-D.-C., arrived in Bombay from Nariad, yesterday morning, by the Ahmedabad mail-train of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and alighted at the Grant Road station

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

SIR LOUIS MALLET'S FUNERAL.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

The funeral of the late Sir Louis Mallet took place to-day at Brookwood cemetery and was attended by large numbers of officials.

THE FRONTIER EXPEDITIONARY FORCES.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir John Gorst, in reply to a question from Mr. Bradlaugh, said that the Government of India had been asked to report on the health of troops on the Chin and Lushai Expeditions and the Secretary of State was now awaiting their reply.

PRINCE BISMARCK'S PROJECTED RETIREMENT.

BERLIN, FEB. 20.

The statement that Prince Bismarck is about to retire is repeated, together with the detail that he has arranged to remove his furniture from Berlin to his palace in the country.

FURTHER BULGARIAN TROUBLES.

Fresh troubles in Bulgaria are feared.

THE BANK RATE.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

The Bank rate has to-day been raised to five per cent.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

A SCOTCH PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, FEB. 19.

In the House of Commons Dr. Gavin Brown Clark, member for Caithnesshire, moved an amendment to the Address in favor of a Scotch Parliament.

In the debate which followed Mr. Gladstone said the question was ripening, but was not yet ripe enough to be dealt with.

The debate was adjourned.

SUDDEN DEATH OF MR. BIGGAR.

Mr. Biggar's death was very sudden as he was seized with the stoppage of the heart's action, while performing the duties of teller in the division last evening.

RUSSIA AND BULGARIA.

It is currently reported that Russia demanded from Bulgaria the payment of three million roubles, being the arrears due of the costs of occupation during the Turkish War.

FATAL COLLIERY EXPLOSION IN FRANCE.

PARIS, FEB. 19.

A fatal explosion has taken place at the colliery in the department of Nievre, due to ignition of coal-dust.

Thirty-four corpses have so far been recovered.

AN IMPENDING LOG CAMPAIGN.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

The Crofters on the Lewis Island are reported to be in a desperate condition, and are resolved upon seizing the park and the deer forest there, of which they have been deprived. They are now collecting tents and baggage for a log campaign, and it is feared that much trouble will ensue.

THE MAHARAJAH OF VIZIANAGRAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 20.

The Maharaja of Vizianagram resigns his seat in the Legislative Council, having completed his term of office.

REVOCATION OF A MILITARY DESIGNATION.

It has been settled to abolish the term District Staff Officer and revert to the old title of Assistant Adjutant-General.

THE SALT DUTY.

In order to prevent a recurrence of the check to the sale of salt as that which occurred last year, an official announcement has been made that there is no present intention to reduce the salt duty in the coming financial year.

SALEM AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 20.

The Salem Agricultural Show was opened to-day by Mr. Clogstoun, member of the Board of Revenue. The show is on the whole a most successful one.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, FEB. 20.

The Anchor Line s.s. Persia left here for Bombay yesterday evening.

ADEN, FEB. 20.

The Messageries Maritimes s.s. Labourdonnais reached here yesterday at 11 p.m.

PENANG, FEB. 20.

The Italian steamer Bisagno left here for Bombay to-day.

SINGAPORE, FEB. 20.

The Italian Company's steamer Bormida, which left Bombay on the 8th, arrived here to-day.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Feb 20.—Barometer has fallen in small amounts over Sind, Rajputana and south Punjab; also over lower Bengal, the Arrakans, head of the Bay, Malabar and Ceylon; elsewhere the pressure has risen slowly. Depression over Sind is advancing north-eastwards to the Punjaub, and winds are cyclonic over north-western India; it is variable in direction elsewhere blowing freshly from Murree and Bombay, and strongly from Trevandrum and Karachi. Temperature has risen about normal in all provinces. Weather is overcast in north-western India, and fine elsewhere. Slight rain is reported in Quetta, Peshawar, and Murree, and unsettled weather probably continues in the north-west, and the rain may extend elsewhere. Weather is reported to be fine.

ANOTHER railway accident on the North-Western Railway is recorded from Jhelum, as usual, through a "mistake of the pointsman." These little mistakes of the pointsman consist, as a rule, in sending a train on to the wrong line because he only pulls the wrong handle; as a lady who steers a sculling boat under the bows of a steam launch explains generally that she "only pulled the wrong string." Trifling errors of this kind, however, on a railway, open up such an interesting vista of potential catastrophes, that we may be justified in asking whether coolie pointsmen, who are liable to make them, are always to be employed for the purpose.

THE 34th Pioneers, two squadrons of the 12th Bengal Cavalry from Mooltan, and two guns of the Kohat Mountain Battery rendezvous at Dera Ismail Khan, and march up to Apozai, through the Gomal, to relieve the troops at Apozai. These on being relieved, march to the same place through the Gomal, and then on to their several stations.

MR. A. H. PLUNKETT, City Magistrate of Poona, has been allowed privilege leave for two months and fifteen days.

IT is notified that Mr. J. Pollen, C.S., B.A., LL.D., passed an examination in Russia, in October last.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Grattan Geary presiding. The following members were also present:—Messrs. Abdulla Meherali Dharamsi, J. S. Alston, Amiruddin Tyabji, Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Bhagwandas Narotamdas, and Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar; Dr. Thomas Blaney; Messrs E. B. Carroll, J. P. Coraforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Damodar Tapidas, Damodar Thackersi Mulji, Darashaw R. Chichgar, Dosabhai Framji, C.S.I., Eknath Raghunath Khote, Ellapa Balaram, Fazalbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Fazalbhoy Visram, J. F. Fernandez, Framji Dorabji Divecha, Goverdhandas Tejpal, A. M. Gubbay, Hasanbhai Visram, Harkissondas Narrotamdas, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, K. M. Shroff, Harold R. King, and Rai Bahadur Luchmon Singh; Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, R.E., Captain Sir Henry Morland, Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban, the Hon. Mr. Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta, Messrs. Rahimtula Khairaz, Rustamji Nasarvanji Khory, Rustomjee Dhunjeebhoy Setna, Shivaji Dhurmaji, and Accacio Gabriel Viegas.

WATER-FILTERING AT VEHAR.

The Corporation considered resolution of the Standing Committee as follows:—"That inasmuch as the filter area for the waole of the water which Vehar is capable of supplying, is insufficient, the Corporation be recommended to sanction the provision of additional filter-beds at Vehar and Bhandarwada, in accordance with the recommendations made by Sir John Fowler."

On the motion of Dr. Blaney the necessary sanction was given.

INFECTIOUS CASES IN GENERAL HOSPITALS.

The Corporation then considered letter, General Department, dated 3rd instant, from Mr. Acting Chief Secretary Mackenzie, stating that accommodation and medical aid for persons suffering from infectious diseases will not be supplied after 1st April next. In the meantime the Corporation should make the requisite provision of house accommodation and medical staff.

Mr. Mehta observed that the subject was one of some importance in relation to other matters, in which Government seemed to think that the Corporation had a duty to perform in connection with sanitary measures in this city. They would remember that the Corporation appointed a committee to consider the spread and treatment of contagious diseases. The report of that committee was communicated to the Government with a view to ask Government to co-operate with the Corporation, and it was in response to that report that Government told them that they were unable to meet the views expressed by the Committee, and further urged that the Jamsetjee and Gocouldas Hospitals, which had hitherto been receiving patients suffering from cholera and other infectious diseases, should no longer be allowed to receive them. The Government were of opinion that the Corporation should take upon itself the burden of providing accommodation for such patients. They told the Corporation the Surgeon-General, the First Physician of the Jamsetjee and also of the Gocouldas Hospitals, were of the opinion that such patients should not be received in the hospitals. The Corporation, the Government said, were bound to take the medical opinions of these experts. But with due deference to Government, Mr. Mehta thought that the Councillors should never allow themselves to be carried away by medical expert opinions inasmuch as they were always divided in matters of this kind.

Dr. Cowasjee: The same is the case with lawyers! (Laughter.)

Mr. Mehta said that the remark of Dr. Cowasjee was irrelevant. Continuing, he enquired how it was that when Government, as advised by their experts, were against the admission of cholera patients into the two hospitals they allowed that very thing to be done at the European General Hospital. He also pointed out to the Corporation certain remarks made by Dr. Gray in his letter reflecting upon the conduct of Municipal authorities in respect of two hospitals intended for patients suffering from infectious diseases, and which were not yet prepared and fitted up. He thought that these remarks of Dr. Gray ought to be enquired into, and upon which they must have the report of the Municipal Commissioner. Government, under the circumstances, ought to be informed that the Corporation begged most respectfully and emphatically to dissent from the proposition that it was their duty to bear the whole cost of the measures suggested by Government in their letter. He then proposed that the matter should be deferred until the remarks made by Dr. Gray were enquired into and reported upon by the Commissioner.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Javerilal.

Dr. Khory informed the Corporation that when in Calcutta and other cities patients suffering from cholera and other infectious diseases were admitted and treated at the hospitals, why should there be any restriction placed in admitting such patients in the hospitals in Bombay.

Dr. Cowasjee was of opinion that this was not a matter in which the Corporations hould be advised by a lawyer, but that they should be guided by the opinions of experts. (Hear, hear.) In civil hospitals, where patients suffering from fever, diarrhœa, and such other diseases, had been treated, it was not advisable to admit patients suffering from cholera and other infectious deseases. Cholera patients had hitherto been admitted in the Jamsetjee and Gocouldas Hospitals, because there were not other hospitals set apart for the purpose.

Dr. Balchandra supported the proposition of Mr. Mehta, and he said he did so on economical and sanitary grounds.

The resolution on being put to the meeting was carried.

The Corporation, after transacting other business, adjourned.

UNIVERSITY EXAMINERS.

COPIES of the following letter and memorandum have been forwarded to us for publication:—

Bombay, 18th February, 1890.

To Dr. D. Macdonald, Registrar, University, Bombay.

Sir,—I have the honor to request you to lay the enclosed memo. on the subject of the appointment of University examiners before the Syndicate, and to beg them to consider the proposal therein contained to move the Senate to appoint a committee for the purpose of reporting on the subject of reforming the present system of appointing University examiners and ensuring the certainty and equality of their examination standards.—I beg, &c.,

PHEROSHA M. MEHTA.

Memo. on the subject of appointment of University examiners.

(1) By Section 13 of the Act of Incorporation (Act 22 of 1857) the power of appointing examiners is vested in the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows.

(2) By-law 11 provides that "it will be the duty of the Syndicate, subject to the revision and control of the Senate, to appoint and, if necessary, to remove the examiners, &c., of the University."

(3) The portion of the by-law which provides for the revision and control of the Senate has been altogether a dead latter. The appointment of examiners have not even been formally reported by the Syndicate to the Senate. As to any independent action of the Senate in the matters to enforce revision or control the provisions of by-law 21 should be borne in mind.

(4) The check provided by the by-laws on the action of the Syndicate in appointing examiners has been thus rendered completely nugatory.

(5) The Syndicate has in practice always appointed examiners at their own uncontrolled discretion.

(6) It does not appear that they are guided by any fixed written rules in making appointments, and as the Syndicate is a body which is elected annually, the notions and conditions under which examiners are appointed, depend entirely upon the views of individual Syndics for the time being.

(7) Since the last few years, applications for the post of examiner are invited by public advertisement in the papers.

(8) Before this time candidates for examiner ships had to resort to private solicitation to bring their claims, merits, and wishes to the notice of the Syndicate. Even yet this prevails to a considerable extent.

(9.) It must also come to pass that the Syndics in Arts, Medicine, Law, Engineering have practically each the appointment of examiners in their several branches, except in cases of disagreement.

(10) This state of things cannot but be regarded as unsystematic and unsatisfactory, and has resulted in rendering the standards of examination uncertain and unequal. It is difficult to imagine a greater misfortune to our examining University that its standards of examination should be lacking in certainty and equality.

(11) It has now come to be pretty generally acknowledged that our system of appointing examiners urgently requires reform. His Excellency the Governor suggested in his last Convocation speech the appointment of a Board to supervise examination papers. Some people are in favour of appointing examiners for a longer period, from three to five years. It is also suggested that the Syndicate as at present constituted, is not a fit body to be entrusted with the appointment of examiners, and that a committee of each Faculty should be appointed for the purpose of selecting examiners for the degrees relating to it.

(12) These suggestions require careful consideration, and the best means of securing it, seems, to ask the Senate to appoint a committee for the purpose.

P. M. MEHTA.

DURBAR AT SAWANTWADI.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

SAWANTWADI, FEB. 10.

A GRAND durbar was held to-day by the Political Superintendent at Sawantwadi, in the Durbar Hall, for investing Sakharam Baji Bawadekar, the State Karbhari, with the title of Rao Bahadoor. The building, which is built on the design of the Council Hall at Poona, was artistically decorated with evergreens, and tastefully embellished with flowers. A guard-of-honour, commanded by a native officer with the band, was drawn up facing the entrance to the hall, with field guns in the rear, and the sowars in a line at right angles to the hall. Precisely at 5 p.m., the sirdars, manakaris, and gentlemen of the State began to assemble, and the hall was filled to overflowing, and presented a most picturesque scene. The zemindars from various villages and market-towns—some invited, and many of their own accord—had come to do honour to an esteemed servant of the State, and not a single man of note failed to attend. At 5-30 p.m. Colonel Phillips, the Political Superintendent, arrived and was received at the entrance by the Assistant Political Superintendent, the State Karbhari, and the Head Agency clerk, when the guard-of-honour presented arms and the band played "God save the Queen"; a salute of eleven guns was fired. On his entrance into the hall all rose, and the gallant Colonel ascended the platform, and took his seat amidst greetings and cheers. When all the sirdars and the gentlemen resumed their seats, the sanad for presentation was brought forward in a kinkhob cover by Rao Sahib Venayakrao Vithal Subnis, the Head Agency clerk, and the Political Superintendent rose to address the Durbar. While dwelling upon the long and meritorious services of Rao Bahadoor Sakharam Baji, the Colonel remarked that Sakharam Baji began his official career in the capacity of an English clerk in 1860, and by his assiduity and intelligence he rose to the position of head clerk, from which post he was promoted to the high place of Assistant Political Agent, in Reva Kantha, returning in 1874 as Judicial Assistant to the Political Superintendent of Sawantwadi, in which appointment he worked until 1881, when he was made the State Karbhari. As far back as 1839 the Sawantwadi State was in the most unsettled condition; the financial condition was deplorable, and the State was saddled with a large debt. The laws could not operate, and the whole fabric of Government was threatened with dissolution from within and invasion from without. Such was the condition of affairs when the British Government thought it necessary to interfere. But the State has in late years made considerable progress. The debt is paid off, and the revenues, which amounted to Rs. 1,87,000 have now risen to Rs. 4,20,000 a year. There are now 335 miles of made road and 120 schools. In all the reforms which had brought about these satisfactory results under the British administration Sakharam Baji played a considerable and prominent part. The address was then translated into Marathi by the head clerk, to which the State Karbhari replied in English, interesting the audience for half an hour with a very impressive speech, disclaiming much of the credit given him by Col. Philip and protesting that what he did in the way of reform and improvement was nothing more than his duty required. After thanking all the Political Superintendents, under whom he had the honour to serve, he thanked Colonel Phillips, and then expressed his deep sense of gratitude to the British Government which was pleased to confer on him the title in recognition of his humble services. The proceedings then terminated with the distribution of *pan-supari*. Much regret was felt at the inability of the Sir Desai to attend the proceedings trough illness. Sakharam Baji's ancestors were the hereditary Ministers of the Baroda State where his brother is Karbhari, and his good qualities have made him highly popular with the people, for throughout his administration he has acted upon the principle that the interests of the State and the people are identical.

PENAL CODES IN NATIVE STATES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of the 14th instant, while criticising the deviations made by Native States in adopting the Penal Code of British India, you remark "It is a pity that when our neighbours in Native States adopt our law they are not called upon to submit their adaptation to competent revision." You will allow me to say, that there would have been no room for this suggestion if the Law Commissioners had chosen to give full importance to native ideas and prejudices. For instance, the Penal Code punishes man alone for adultery. The woman is allowed to go scot-free for her share in the offence. It is only when the woman gives distinct encouragement that she is held to be guilty. She was liable to punishment according to Mahomedan law, which was in existence before the Penal Code, and some Native States punish women also for the crime.

The Law Commissioners have also, to my mind, erred in another important point. The Penal Code punishes the receiver and the giver of bribes, the former as principal, and the latter as abettor. Now the natives of India are so much given to bribing that even Englishmen, whose morality is immaculate at home, have been known to yield to this temptation and eat of "the forbidden fruit." The provisions of the Penal Code have not only not succeeded in uprooting the evil which is so lightly considered by the people of India, but on the contrary, the Government have by wrong legislation allowed it to prosper with impunity. As the giver of bribes will be punished under the present law, he naturally does not like to come forward to disclose the truth, whether he has gained the object or not through the lawful means. We have learnt from the Crawford case that it is so. The result of that case has most seriously injured the cause of morality. Bribers will under no circumstance come forward to tell the truth, while the bribed will fearlessly go on receiving. This is all through the present state of law laid down by the Law Commissioners. Now let me compare it with the law that exists in some Native States. The administration there, fully perceiving the enormity of this vice, introduced an amendment to the effect that persons giving bribes shall not be punished. Until then the law was the same as is laid down in the Penal Code. Since the amendment there have been several cases in which bribers have come forward to prosecute. The bribers and the bribed have no longer a common enemy (the law), nor a common cause (impunity). This modification points, I believe, the right road to improvement. These adaptations would not have escaped the notice of the Law Commissioners, had they adequately realized the condition and the prejudice of native society.—Yours, &c.,

Junagad, Feb. 18. G. B. M.

THE COMMISSIONER, N. D., AT GODHRA.

A GODHRA correspondent writes:—The dulness of this out of the way town was broken and, for the last few days, all were on a stir, owing to the expected visit of our esteemed and popular Commissioner of the N. D., Mr. W. H. Propert. All the principal citizens assembled on the 15th instant, at the Railway Station, to give a hearty welcome to the distinguished visitor who was accompanied by Mr. J. M. Campbell, C.I.E. Evergreens, flags, and buntings in various devices were tastefully put up, and a guard-of-honor of the local Fort and mounted police was in attendance. Mr. Propert drove out, accompanied by Mr. Campbell, to the Collector's residence, escorted by the mounted police. On Sunday, the 17th, Mr. Propert visited the girls' and boys' schools, where prizes and sweet-meats were distributed. No examination was conducted. At the girls' school Mr. Propert delivered a short but instructive address to the youngsters for whom it was intended. While leaving the boys' school an incident occurred which was amusing, but not for the matter of that less striking. As soon as Mr. Propert stepped out of the school-room, an old Bhil Patel was seen struggling through the thick crowd to Mr. Propert whom he embraced.

In the evening at the gymnasium prizes were awarded by Mr. Propert to successful competitors. Mr. Propert addressed the assembly in Guzerat, expressing himself greatly rejoiced at meeting his old friends and acquaintances, and thanking them for their cordial manifestations of regard for him. Wreaths of flowers were then put upon Messrs. Propert and Campbell, and upon Native Chiefs, and gentlemen present. All repaired afterwards to view the illumination and fire-works at the Tank. The visit of the Commissioner was unofficial, and was consequently very short. Next day he returned to his camp at Nariad.

BOMBAY RACES, 1890.

ORDINARIES will be held at the Mahaluxmi Race stand this evening at four o'clock. Starting declarations will be made at 1 p.m. at the office, Sleater Road, Tardeo.

MR. A. DALZELL, Assistant Superintendent, Deccan Revenue Survey, has been allowed six months' extension of leave on medical certificate.

MR. R. COURTENAY, C.S., has been granted an extension of leave for one year.

A MUNICIPALITY SUPERSEDED.

THE subjoined notification in the General Department was published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—

Whereas for the reasons hereinbelow stated it appears to the Governor in Council that the Municipality of Parantij is not competent to perform the duties imposed on it by law, the Governor-in-Council is pleased, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 43 of the Bombay District Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1884, to declare that the said Municipality is incompetent, and to supersede it for a period of one year from the date of the publication of this order in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

The reasons for this order are as follows:—

(1) Previous to 1888, octroi duties were levied for municipal purposes in Parantij; but as these were found to operate as a transit duty on the general trade of the country, and as the proceeds *minus* the cost of collection were insufficient for the needs of the town, the Municipality was advised by the Commissioner N. D. to abolish them, and to substitute a house-tax for them.

(2) The matter was brought before the Municipality at a general meeting held on the 22nd September 1888, but a majority of the Commissioners present at the meeting declined to adopt the suggestion of the Commissioner N. D. and to introduce a house-tax in lieu of the objectionable octroi duties.

(3) The behaviour of the Municipality was, in May 1889, reported to Government and the Municipality was in June 1889 warned by the Governor-in-Council that persistence in its unreasonable refusal to impose a fair and moderate house-tax would lead to the adoption, in regard to the Parantij Municipality, of the same course as Government had been forced to follow in the case of that of Mehmadabad.

(4) At a general meeting held on the 19th July 1889 the subject was again laid before the Municipality, the members of which had already been informed of the warning given by Government. The Resolution which was proposed in favour of the imposition of a house-tax was, however, once more negatived.

(5) In spite of the warning given it, the Municipality having thus refused to substitute for a tax unfair in its incidence and obnoxious to the interests of the general public, a tax free from such objections, has neglected the opportunity given it of establishing its competency.

PARSEE GYMKHANA.

SECOND ANNUAL ATHLETIC MEETING, 1890.

On Sunday and Monday, the 16th and 17th March.

PROPOSED EVENTS.

I.—100 yards Flat Race.
II.—120 yards Hurdle Race.
III.—Quarter mile Flat Race.
IV.—Half mile Flat Race.
V.—One mile Flat Race.
VI.—Pole Jump.
VII.—High Jump.
VIII.—Wide Jump.
IX.—Throwing the Cricket Ball.
X.—Putting the Shot.
XI.—Three-legged Race, open to Parsee Gymkhana only.
XII.—Sack Race, open to Parsee Gymkhana only.
XIII.—Egg and Spoon Race, open to Parsee Gymkhana only.
XIV.—220 yards Race, open to Parsee Gymkhana only.
XV.—One mile Tricycle Race.
XVI.—Two miles Bicycle Race.
XVII.—Tug of war, open to school teams only.
XVIII.—Obstacle Race, open to native soldiers and police.

ENTRIES.

All events with the exception of the last two are open to members of the Parsee Gymkhana and all other Parsee Sporting Clubs in the Bombay Presidency and to all Parsee Graduates and Under-Graduates.

Any member of a club wishing to enter for any event must make an application through the secretary of his Club. All others desirous of entering for any of the events must send in an application containing their name, address, and occupation, to the Secretary of the Sports Committee, which reserves to itself the right of accepting or refusing applications. No application will be considered valid unless accompanied by entrance fees.

Events 1 to 10 are open to all Parsees, and events 11 to 14 are open to members of the Parsee Gymkhana only. The cycling events are also open to all Parsees. The tug-of-war is open to all teams of 10 boys from all native schools, and such teams may contain others besides Parsees as long as they are on the rolls of such schools. The obstacle race is open to all Native soldiers and the Native police.

ENTRANCE FEES.

The entrance fee to events 1 to 5 is one rupee for each event; for each of the events 6 to 13 the entrance fee is 8 annas, for each individual entering. The entrance fee to events 14 to 16 is one rupee for each event. The entrance fee to event 17 is Rs. 10 for each competing team. For event 18 no entrance fee will be charged.

PRIZES.

There will be three prizes for each event, in case there are 8 or more starters. The third prize will be withheld if there are less than eight starters, and the second prizes, if there are less than five starters. In case there are less than three starters, the winner will be entitled to the second prize only, unless he beats the standard, or in the opinion of the Committee his performance deserves a first prize.

A special valuable prize will be given to the winner of the greatest number of marks according to the following scale:—

	First.	Second.	Third.
For events 1 to 5	10	6	3
,, 6 to 8	8	5	2½
,, 9 and 10	6	4	2

Two marks extra will be given to any one who beats or equals the following standards:—

100 yards, 11 seconds; Hurdles, 19 seconds; quarter mile, 62 seconds; half mile, 2 minutes 20 seconds; mile 5 minutes 15 seconds; pole jump, 9 feet; high jump, 5 feet 2 inches; wide jump, 16 feet, 6 inches; throwing the cricket ball, 100 yards; putting the shot, 25 feet.

CHALLENGE CUPS.

The following Challenge Cups will be again open for competition:—

The Merchants' Challenge Cup for 100 yards race.
The Brokers' Challenge Cup for hurdle race.
The Lawyers' Challenge Cup for quarter mile race.
The Doctors' Challenge Cup, for half mile race.

Besides these two new Challenge Cups will be presented this year.

One entitled the "Public Service Cup," subscribed for by several gentlemen in Government employ, will be presented for the one mile race.

Another called the "Gymnastic Institution Cup," presented by the members of that institution, will be awarded to the winner of the pole-jump.

The order of events will be arranged and advertised when the entries are completed. The entry list is now open at the Secretary's office, and will be closed on Saturday, the 9th March, after which date entries will be received at the option of the Committee on the payment of double entrance fees.

The above programme is subject to any alterations the Athletic Sports Committee may think necessary.

D. J. TATA,
Hon. Secy. Sports Com.,
Victoria Buildings, Fort.

ITARY NEWS.

SURGEON-MAJOR J. DAVIDSON, I.M.S., and Lieut. W. W. Battiscombe, S.C. have been permitted to return to duty.

COLONEL V. BIRCH has been allowed six months' leave on medical certificate, and Colonel G. E. Hancock, S.C., three months on private affairs.

CAPTAIN R.I. SCALLON, S.C., has been allowed nine months' leave out of India.

MR. C. H. ROSS has been appointed Second-Lieutenant B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteer Rifle Corps.

CAPTAIN E. BISHOP, I.M., is appointed Commander of the Aden Naval Volunteers.

COLONEL J. G. MCRAE, S.C., Conservator of Forests in Sind, has been allowed furlough to Europe for one year.

MAJOR J. HUMFREY, S.C., District Superintendent of Police, Karachi, has been allowed six months' furlough to Europe.

COLONEL JACOB, S.C., Executive Engineer, Jeypore, has been allowed furlough to Europe for one year.

CAPTAIN W. B. PIERS, S.C., has been allowed a year's leave out of India.

MAJOR F. A. BLANSHARD, S.C., is promoted Lieutenant-Colonel.

LIEUTENANT J. P. HILL, S.C., has been granted a year's leave out of India.

THE services of Lieutenant P. T. Bell, S.C., have been replaced at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief.

CAPTAIN PHAYRE, A-D-C. to H. E. the Governor, has been granted a year's furlough.

CAPTAIN BROCK, Captain W. Wright, and Lieutenant Bashford, G. I. P. R. Volunteers, have been transferred to the Unattached List.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Clyde, Captain J. L. Parfitt, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Marseilles and Suez, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mrs Slauzhter and infant	Mr L H Butcher
Mrs Hill and infant	Capt H S Massey
Miss K Greenfield	Mr Geo Cropper
Mrs Marr and infant	Mr F Sands
Mr and Mrs N A Gibbs and child	Mr S H Terry
	Maj-Gen Bruce
Mr Neafield	Col Jameson
Miss Ternan	Capt R W B Haslewood
Mrs Clough	

FOR BRINDISI.

Canon and Mrs Wilberforce	Hon'ble Spencer Lyttleton
Miss Wilberforce	Mr W F Stutz
Mr and Mrs H G Bayne	Mr E Foy
Rev Geo and Mrs Muller	Mr Politis
Mr C B Lynch	Mr A. Andrews
Lord Radstock	Col H Thynne
Mr and Mrs T M Horsfall	Col Hon'ble H Eaton
Mr and Mrs Cleeland	Mr Goldney
Miss K Greenfield	Mr Jo eph Dyer
Mr J H Peebles	Mr Easton
Mr W H J Galbraith	Mr J C Luneburg
Miss A M Fielde	Mr W H Atkins
Mr C B Lynch	Mr J S Robertson

FOR SUEZ.

Mrs Morrice	Revd and Mr Branson
Mrs Davis	

FOR PORT SAID—Mr J M Patonnas
FOR ADEN—Mr E Windmuller

The following passages have been engaged:—

Per s. s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. Browne, 28th Feb. 1890.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mrs Gilbert and child, Lord and Lady Cremorne, Capt and Mrs Warner, Mr Whitney, Mr Cruickshank, Mr O Allen, Mr W B Charlesworth and Mr and Mrs Rickie and child.

FOR BRINDISI—Miss Kennedy and companion, Mr J P Thomas, Mr Henderson, Mr Swinton, Mr Langworthy, Mr Valentine, Capt Sayce, Mr H D Cartwright, Mr J C Worsley, Mr J H Peebles, Mr W Chevis, Mr W C Rand and Mr A Henn.

FOR LONDON—Mr and Mrs R Waddington, Miss Ellis, Revd and Mrs Crewdson, Mr Scott, Mr and Mrs Southey and Mr J C E Branson.

FOR ISMAILIA—Mr Skinner, Miss Belle Skinner, Mr C A McDowell, and Mr R Wilson.

Per s. s. Peninsular, Capt. W. J. Webber, 7th March, 1890.

FOR LONDON—Mrs Ross Scott, Miss Imerson, Rt Hon H and Mrs Childers, Mr T K and Miss Ashworth, Mr and Mrs C H Mereik and child, Mr and Mrs Robt Clark, Mr C Kinderaley, Revd R Kennedy, Miss Francis Sharp, Miss Harris, Mrs A G Cane and child, Mr W Thom, Rev J W Roberts and two infants, Master Mawker, Mrs Greaves and 3 children, Miss Matthews, Mr John Breco, Mrs Richardson, Mr J H Horsely, Mr H G Bowen, Mr Habday, Mr William Smith, Mr J Duncan, Mr R H Sykes, Mr and Mrs W S Gilbert, Mr and Mrs Merton, Mr W Thompson, Mr G H Lewis, Mr Goldney, Mr Grahame Watson, Rev Dr Herdman, Mrs Copeland, Mr Carruthers, Mr H Ross, Mrs Beaman's child, Mrs Arbuthnot, Thos Macpherson, Mrs Hewall Tack and two children, Revd J Beck, Mr Rawlings, Mr Forbes, Miss Kardley, Mr C M Pearse, Mr H Grove, Mr Dwyer, Col W S Peat, Mr Dunn, Mr Scarisbrick, Mr Mackenzie and Mr R C Sands.

FOR BRINDISI—Lord and Lady Claude Hamilton, Mr and Mrs W Mailing Grant, Mr and Mrs W W Carlile, Mr and Mrs Scarmanji, Mr H Calthorpe, Countess of Strathmore, two Ladies Lyon, Mr Jessut, Mr A O Hume, Mr M M Macdonald, Mr and Mrs W A Willis, Col and Mrs D Henning, Miss Langworthy, Major and Mrs Humphrey, Mrs Durst, Mr H Miller, Mr V Schlager, Mr and Mrs S S Brittain, Mr E Solano, Mrs and Miss Chardon, Capt Syce, R N, Miss Peason, Miss Hargreaves, Hon'ble Mr Justice Parker, Mr and Mrs Milne, Rev Chas Gore, Mr Henry, Mr Wakeman, Mr and Mrs Frizelle, Miss Frizelle, Mr and Mrs A A Wace, Mr C H Seely, Mr Inaad Ali Khan, Mr Asad Ali Khan, Mr H M Wilson, Revd H Whitehead, Mr K Tapling, M P, Mr Duff Brace, Mr H W Sparkes, Mr Henry, Mr Charriot, Mr Elliott, Mrs Patch, Mr C P Fox, Mr and Mrs Fullerton, Mrs Person, Mrs Gatacre, Revd and Mrs Paker, son and two daughters, Mr Justice Parker and Mr Grey Fullerton.

FOR SUEZ.—Miss Kedston, Miss Duncan, Mr Haven, Mr Jennings and Mr Calvocarise.

Per s. s. Siam, Capt. H. T. Weighell, 14th March, 1890.

FOR MARSEILLES—Col W R Bunbury, Mr Orrell and Col Bayley.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr Cecil Higgin, Col R Thynne, Col the Hon'ble H Eaton, Mrs Baldwin Latham and Mr Von Platen.

Per s. s. Rome, Capt. A. W. Adamson, 18th March, 1890.

FOR LONDON—Revd E Guildford, Mr Goodfellow, child and infant, Capt and Mrs Bean, three children, and infant, Mrs H P Hodson, child and Miss Hay Newman, Major and Mrs Rossener, Miss E Goodwin, Mrs Mathews, H R H the Duke of Connaught's two children, Sir F and Lady Forbes Adam, Mr and Mrs J Barton, Mr A Edwards, Mrs Lyle, Mrs W Lock child and maid, Mrs Johnson and child, Mr and Mrs W H Borden, Mrs W L Moore, Major and Mrs Kirkwood and 2 children, Col and Mrs J Jopp R A, and Miss Jennie.

FOR MARSEILLES—Col W R Bunbury, Mr Savage, Mrs Canty, Mr Manges, Mr Robt H Elliot, Mr and Mrs R Hulton, Mr H N Brown, Mr Rudston Brown, Mr G H Morrison, Mr G B Croft-Lyons, Mr J Fleming, Mr W Bradshaw, Miss Bradshaw, Mr and Miss Roverson, Mr Eardley Norton, Mrs Montcrieffe and two children, Mrs Hamilton, Miss Pearson, Mr and Mrs J Hardcastle Sykes, Mrs Sykes, Mrs Headley, Mrs Franklin, Col and Mrs E T Luck, Mrs Cuffe, Mr R Carstairs, Major and Mrs Broadbent, Mr Graham Watson, Mrs Baines, Mr G N Beach, Mrs R Deey Spedding, Miss West, Mr and Mrs Waterston, Capt the Hon'ble O Sidney, Mrs Nugent, Mr C B Simpson, and Mr H Laski.

FOR SUEZ—Mr Frizelle.

Per s. s. Sutlej, Capt. W. D. Worcester, 21st March 1890.

FOR LONDON—Mrs Crawley-Boevey and child, Mr and Mrs Alston and infant, Mrs Yeoman and child, Miss E Adams, Revd J F and Mrs Newton, three Misses Newton, Mr Willie Newton, Mr J Kelso, Revd Thomas Tracey, Miss S Casderwood, H H the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, H H the Maharance of Gondal, two children and infant, Mr R McCulloch, Master George Wilfred Coudreg, Mrs Coudreg and children, Mr D Boardman, Mr A Rae Miss M C Hughes, Col H J Saunders, Mr and Mrs Medworth, Mr Medworth, Jun., two Misses Medworth and two boys, and Mrs Marr and infant.

FOR BRINDISI—Col A F Laughton, CB, Mr and Mrs Jas Gray, Mr J H Hodgson, Mr and Mrs G W Allen and child, Mr De Courcy, Capt the Hon. R T Lawley, Miss M Wit, Mr and Mrs E M Law on Smith, Mr W F Stutz, Hon'ble R Steele, Mrs Coudreg, Sir Lepel and Lady Griffin, Mr W S Grieve, Col Pratt, C B, Mr J Beyhton, and Mr E C Johnson.

FOR SUEZ—Mr and Mrs Apcar.

FOR ISMAILIA—Mr Armour and Mr Bacon.

Per s. s. Assam, Capt. G. W. F. Browne, 28th March, 1890.

FOR MARSEILLES—Rev and Mrs G T Washburn, Rev J P Ellwood, Miss Clarke, Miss LeGros, Mrs Strang, Mr Lesli, and Mr J Taylor.

FOR ADEN—Mr W T Douglas.

FOR LONDON.—Miss Pearson, Mr W T Douglas, Miss Laycock and friend, Mr Michael Hughes, and Mr J N Beack.

FOR VENICE—Mr S N Wynne.

Per s. s. Massilia, Capt. C. Fraser, 4th April 1890.

FOR LONDON—Mr E C Baker, Miss Baker, Miss Chavasse, Mrs Porter, Mrs Herbert Wright, Mr Arthur Jones, Mrs Amy Jones, Mrs and Miss Harwood and infant, Mrs Ward, Mrs A Priestley, Mrs M G Gerard, Revd J G Potter and three children, Mrs Rix, Mrs Laurie and child, Master and Miss Pentiman, Rev and Mrs D Hutton, Miss Hutton, Mr W Bruce, Miss Bremer, Miss Macdougall, Mrs Tebbs Miss White, Mr Hogg, Mr Herbert Hayfield, Mr and Mrs Hooper, Miss Baron, Miss Drysdale, Mrs O

of the French Mahomedan populations, and also of our own Indian Mahomedan Code; but, beyond this, have come to no decision as to what is incumbent upon them. There are some who regard the Royal command as a mere passing caprice, and expect no practical result. It is to be hoped, however, that this will not be the case, but that the Shah may be encouraged to proceed with a not compromising design. The new Code, however, if it is to be of any service, must contain provision for tribunals, as well as laws; such provisions being, indeed embodied in the European Codes, upon which it will probably be modelled. A difficulty may be experienced in procuring Judges of integrity and worth, and no abrupt change can be expected in the habits or moral standards of an Oriental country. But the eyes of the West will, at least, be directed with interest towards this fresh attempt to emancipate Persia from herself; while the assistance of foreign Governments may legitimately be given both towards the compilation of the new body of law and towards its proper administration when completed.

While recognizing the good intentions of the Sovereign, I have drawn the above picture of Persian administration in order that English readers may understand the system with which reformers, whether foreigners or natives, have to contend, and the iron wall of resistance, built up by all the most selfish instincts in human nature, that is opposed to progressive ideas. The Shah himself, however genuine his desire for innovation, is to some extent enlisted on the side of this pernicious system, seeing that he owes to it his private fortune; while those who most loudly condemn it in private are not behind their fellows in outwardly bowing their heads in the temple of Rimmon. In every rank below the Sovereign, the initiative is utterly wanting to start a rebellion against the tyranny of immemorial custom; and if a strong man like the present Shah can only tentatively undertake it, where is he who shall preach the crusade?

THE FRONTIER EXPEDITIONS.

GHANGSIL Bazaar (Cachar Column), 13th February.—No news has been received from Mr. Daly since his letter of the 9th instant announcing the surrender of Lienpunga. Thauruma heliographs this afternoon that they, too, have heard nothing further. It is probable that the force is encamped at Lienpunga awaiting the arrival of the Chittagong Column, which is expected about the 15th.

A convoy of nearly 200 coolies with more rations for Mr. Daly's force left here this morning for the Thauruma stockade, accompanied by an escort of 30 rifles, and should arrive there to-morrow afternoon. After it had started a heliogram was received from Thauruma requesting that the escort might be warned to keep a sharp lookout when approaching the Thauruma village in view of possible opposition. Special messengers were therefore despatched immediately to overtake the convoy and warn them.

A more rapid means of communication with Cachar than the present mail-boat service is much wanted. It takes three days for a message from this to reach the wire at Hailakandi and sometimes four, while upward messages cannot reach this under five days and sometimes take six. Lienpunga, again, is two days' journey from here for a Lushai, so that a telegram cannot reach the front under a week at the best from the time of leaving the wire at Hailakandi. Extending the wire to Jhalancherra would save twenty-four hours.—*Pioneer.*

HIGH COURT—FEBRUARY 21.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

664.—Payne G and S—Jadowji Cumulsey and another *vs.* Nanabhoy Wishwanath and another—H Bicknell—Part heard.

668.—Payne G and S—Vulubdas Damodher *vs.* Thuker Gordhandas Damodher and others—R and B, L S F and N—and J B D and K.

668.—Macfarlane E and H—Soonderbai *vs.* Chuttoo Khimji—Conroy and B.

669.—Payne G and S—G G Gaffort *vs.* Reckohand Mohta—Jefferson B D and K.

(Before the Hon. Mr Justice SCOTT.)

Summary suit to be heard in chambers.

61-90.—Conroy and B—The Bank of Bombay *vs.* Oodecurn Dowlutram and others.

65-90.—Craigie L and O—Motilal Sewlal *vs.* Oodecurn Dowlutram and others.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice PARSONS).

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

For consent decree.

701-89—R Skipsey—S A Malekar *vs* S H Bhichekar and others—Chitnis M and M.

Postponed Long Causes.

283-88—Little S F and N—George Henry Gaddum and others *vs* Goverdhun Pittamber—Wadia and G.

489-89—Little S F and N—Hurridas Purshotum *vs* Kreshnarao Wassudeo—Wadia and G.

427-89—Ardesir, H and D—Premchund Dhurrumchund *vs* Peerbhoy Khakibhoy and others.

615-89—R Skepsey—M S Walker *vs* Rahimtoola Mahomed Sayani and others—Payne G and S.

117-89—Chitnis M and M—Essaji Adamji *vs* Khanbhai Moolla Mahomedally and another—Tyabji and D.

443-88—Nanu and H—Abahin Baba Saheb Bisley *vs* RahimtulaSewraj and others—Payne G and S.

609-89—Mulji B B—Nathoo Mcolji *vs* Dayal Nursey—Crawford B B and B.

131-89—Roughton and B—Maneckji Cowasji and others—Littlte S F and N, and in person.

5-88—Bomonji and H—Cooverbai *vs* Jamsedji Pestonjee Pochajee and others—Crawford, B, B and B.

216-88—Jefferson, B, D and K—Ootumchund Maneckchund *vs* Radhabai and another—Tyabji and D, and Nanu and H.

234-89—Conroy and B—Goswami Shri 108 Shri Ghirdharjee &c., *vs* Shri Goverdhunlalji G Maharaj—Craigie, L and O.

263-89—Conroy and B—Ragoonath Pandurung *vs* Mahadev Ragoonath Survo and others—Roughton and B.

210-89—Jefferson, B, D, and K—Cursondas Ludha and another *vs* Ruttonsey Nursey—Conroy & B.

532-89—H Bicknell—Haji Mulla Mahomedji *vs* Luckmidas Morarji—Crawford, B, B and B.

537-89—H Bicknell—Thacker Hurridas Chaturbhooj and another *vs* Luckmidas Morarji—Crawford, B, B, and B.

10-89—Macfarlane, E and H—Ghellabhai Aspal *vs* Nursoo Gungaram and others—Crawford, B B and B.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 20.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Line Bankok Saigon interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 20th Feb. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	19	8	30	22	46
Teheran	20	6	34	...	43
Suez	20	7	16	...	40

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 20th Feb. 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	9	...	7
„ Kurrachee ...	...	18	...	2
„ Madras...	...	27	...	5

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the bowels, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates guthe wels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers every, where at 1s ½ per bottle. Wholesale oy the Anglo. American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

LECTURE ON THE VERNACULARS AT SURAT.

AT the instance of the Kayastha Jubilee Union, Mr. Hardevram Nanabhai Harridas gave a public lecture on the "Importance of the Study of the Vernaculars" on Sunday evening in the Raichand Deepchand Girls' School of Surat.

A large and representative audience overcrowded the hall. Among those present were:—Surgeon-Major K. S. Narriman, Khan Bahadur Kekoshru Alpaswala; the Nagar Seth; Rao Saheba Mohanlal Ranchhoddas, Ishwardas Jagjivandas Store, and Bhanu Shankar Ramlal; Messrs. V. N. Pathak, the head master of the Surat High School; Rao Sahebs Anupram Kirparam, Govandas Keshavlal, Umiaram Vallabhram, Mr. Manchersha, and the leading pleaders and others.

On the motion of Mr. Manchersha, seconded by Rao Saheb Anupram, Mr. Pathak, M.A., took the chair.

Mr. Pathak, M. A., on taking the chair, said there was no necessity of introducing the lecturer, who was well known to them, and called upon the lecturer to proceed.

Mr. Hardevram Nanabhai Harridas opened the lecture with an appeal for a patient hearing as the subject was important. The complaint about the vernaculars was of a long standing. The Educational Despatch spoke of it, so did the various Chancellors and the Vice-Chancellors. Of course, the truth of this was granted by all. But there were some who were against the vernaculars. Such the lecturer divided into three classes: (1), the Sanskritists who feared Sanskrit would suffer if vernaculars were introduced; (2), to well meaning members of the European community who laboured under the idea that there was no literature; (3), people who for reasons best known to them hated the vernaculars. The second class is a class of very good gentlemen, who need only be convinced, and they would at once enlist their sympathies for the vernaculars. The Sanskritists would give the greatest opposition, and a strenuous fight should be maintained before the vernaculars could be done justice to. A continuous, unflinching fight for years was necessary, the lecturer said, before success could be expected. To convince the anti-vernacularists the existence of a literature worth study ought to be established. Mr. Hardevram then quoted largely from the letters of the Director of Vernacular Instruction of Baroda and from some Gujarat magazines, showing that the oldest known author of Gujarat flourished in the middle of the thirteenth century of the Christian era. He was under the impression that Mr. Ichharam Desai was in possession of two of the works of this old author. When they were published he asked the audience to judge of the merits of the productions. The lecturer showed by quotations from Hallum's "Literature of Europe" that the first real English author was born just after a century from the death of the first Gujarat poet now known. He said he could show many instances of the antiquity of the vernaculars, but time did not allow his so doing. He then read very beautiful passages from Premanand's "Beshyashinga," and compared them with similar passages from Shelly, Keaths, and Wordsworth, and showed that the Gujarat poet had also preached the theories of love and nature in a way reminding one of the celebrated English poets. About the influence of nature and the final victory of nature on the malevolent man who wished to lead an exclusive life. Premanand is as enthusiastic as any of the nineteenth century poets. He asked his hearers if the vernaculars had nothing worth engaging their attention and study. Gujarati has assumed a settled state since the thirteenth century; English assumed that state only a century and half ago. If before settling the English had passed through various philological changes, the vernaculars also ought to have a very great philological history of their own. The lecturer showed here, by quotation from Dr. Bhandarkar's paper, the various stages through which even the commonest words had passed. As for the importance of the vernacular philology, he drew the attention of the hearers to Dr. Bhandarkar's paper and Professor Bhagwat's book. He was sorry he had not with him there Bhagwat's book, and he was obliged to quote from memory. He thought Mr. Bhagwat maintained that the Gujarati and the Marathi were independent languages, and were not the corruption of Sanskrit as some believed. Professor Bhagwat had contested his point very cleverly. Without mentioning to what side he leaned, the lecturer simply placed the two conflicting theories before the audience to show them how even the vernaculars were capable of arousing learned philological discussion, which might reveal great truths in the history of mankind. To appreciate this discussion and to attain a successful end the languages ought to be studied with care. He then with much enthusiasm showed the importance of the vernaculars to anthropology. To an anthropologist even the collection of the nursery tales and ballads was of the utmost importance. Much could be known about the primitive man, about the Vama Marga, and about the various systems of Hindu belief on one another by studying the vernacular authors of the period. The Government of Bombay, alive to these considerations, had appointed Mr. Acworth to collect and put in manuscript the old Mahratta ballads. A similar thing should be inaugurated in Gujarat, and the result to the scientist would be great. He then alluded to the stoic nature of the philosophy of Akho and others, and of the semi-epicurean and stoic theory of the Vaishnaves, and the totally epicurean philosophy of Vama Marga. Each of these had an influence in building up the national character, and each ought to be studied first-hand in the vernacular authors themselves. Narshin's philosophy of *Bhakti*, which led to Yoga without the stern discipline of the Baddhas by unconsciously forgetting self in the soul needed a study. Narshina had much influence, the Gujarat thought up to now. Premanand and Dayaram, the last with a theory of love not unlike Wordsworth's, were none the less important in moulding the Gujarati thought. Love makes Dayaram lose his own identity in the soul. He is one with it. There is not a separate existence. He asked if, after this, it was not plain that there was something of literary and scientific value in these languages to reward the labours of students who now thought of starting spurious short-lived newspapers. In the chronicles and the geneologies now in the possession of bards, who acted as the heralds and historians of old, much of really historical value and much that would assist the Government in settling the question of *gadi* could be found, and we appealed to Political Officers to preserve those *Vahis* of the Bhats. The lecturer quoted passages from Ras Mala about the historical worth of these *Vahis*. Without chroniclers, Hall and Holinshed, a Shakespeare could not have existed. Every *Vahi* of the bard was a chronicle of Hall or Holinshed. Hallum, Green, and Guizot utilised the same materials. In these bardic books there was a mine of literature which might assist a future Guizot to write the history of civilisation of Gujarat and Rajputana. De Toqueville had found the old records most useful in writing his "France before the Revolution of 1289," and he asked if the natives could not utilise the State papers and the books in the revenue and other offices to put before us some information to assist the politician and the scholar. He referred to the Bakhars of Shivaji, and requested natives to learn the policy of Nana Fadnavis, and other able statesmen of the pre-English era to understand the native institutions. Apart from these there were many other considerations which required the study of the vernaculars. European thought and science could only penetrate the masses through the vernaculars. The writer of the Educational Despatch thought the same. The lecturer after giving a short history of the Kayastha Jubilee Union, resumed his seat.

Mr. V. N. Pathak, in summing up, said that the vernaculars were for the masses, but to effect social reform and to fight with the orthodox, a study of Sanskrit was necessary. The present epoch resembled much the revival of letters in Europe. Sanskrit was necessary to act as a model to influence the vernaculars. It was impossible to sanskritise the whole population. It was no good pitching the vernaculars against Sanskrit, and Sanskrit against the vernaculars. The chairman, after dwelling at some length on the importance of Sanskrit as a factor to promote the cause of social reform, thanked the lecturer for his varied and really interesting lecture.

Khan Bahadur Kaikoshru, the Judge of the Small Causes Court, in a brief but effective speech, granted the importance of the vernaculars, but said that the regeneration of India was not to be expected from any amount of Sanskrit learning, but from the proper study of the English arts and sciences.

Rao Saheb Anupram, in seconding a motion to thank the chairman, said that the vernaculars were quite necessary to regenerate India. After Messrs. Manchersha and H. F. Doctor had added to the amusement of the evening, the meeting dispersed with three hearty cheers for her Majesty the Queen-Empress.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, FEB. 19.

10 p.m. ... ... 75·8

THURSSDAY, FEB. 20.

6 a.m. ... ... 71·0
10 a.m. ... ... 78·2
2 p.m. ... ... 82·4
4 p.m. ... ... 83·2

THE CALCUTTA NAVAL VOLUNTEERS.

AT 6-30 on Sunday morning, the Calcutta Naval Volunteers began to muster at Sealdah Station *en route* for Diamond Harbour, it having been decided that a maritime attack along the Hooghly should form one of the items in the Calcutta defence programme. Lieutenant E. J. King was, in the absence of Captain Petley, in command, and at about 7 o'clock the men fell in, and were marched to the special train, which started at 7-15. Owing to a heavy fog the train was delayed for a short time, several fog signals having been placed along the line; but the detention was very short, and at 8-30 Diamond Harbour was reached, where the men were formed into double line and marched down to the launch Leopard, which was waiting for them at the station Ghat. This launch, which has been handed over to the Corps, had a Hotchkiss quick firing three-pound breechloader on the port, and a Nordenfeldt gun on the starboard side, with a nine-pound muzzle-loader at the bow. The rifles and belts of the men were placed in racks, and the launch steamed down to the s. s. Tigris, which was anchored off Diamond Harbour Point, where a most sumptuous breakfast had been provided, to which ample justice was done. During the meal the Leopard went off to float the target for practice, and after failing twice, was successful the third time with a condemned boat belonging to her. At Diamond Harbour Point, a nine-inch muzzle-loader had been placed, and after breakfast the men went ashore, and had target practice till 2 P.M., with plug shot and shrapnel. There were two guns' crews ashore, and they were practised at a floating target, placed 2,000 yards from the bank. Some fairly good shooting was made, General Auchinleck and Captain Davies being present. In front of the General the guns were limbered up, retired, and again unlimbered, doing it in their well known and perfect style. On returning to the Tigris for dinner, they were accompanied by Lieutenant Carmichael, R. E., Aide-de-Camp to General Auchinleck, as umpire for the attack that was coming off in the night.

At 4-30 p. m. the Leopard came alongside, and, the officers and men having gone on board, she left for Fultah Point, on which was the Fort held by the enemy. At 6-30 blank ammunition was served out to the men, and the boats' crews selected. By 7 o'clock the search lights from the Fort and enemy's torpedo boats were distinctly visible. It was a very pretty sight to see these broad bands of brilliant light travelling over the surface of the Hooghly, and almost making night as bright as day. All lights on board the Leopard were doused, and the pinnace, cutter, and dinghy were pulled along side, received their crews, and went on their respective missions in silence. The cutter and dinghy, in charge of Sub-Lieutenant Poynton and Engineer Macgregor, respectively, were told off to find out and cut the enemies' mines, which they did.

The pinnace, in charge of Sub-Lieutenant Blaker, stole away up the Howrah side, and before she was seen had successfully attacked and sunk the enemy's torpedo boat. At 7-30 P. M. the first shot was fired from the bow of the Leopard. This was rapidly followed by three others without getting any reply from the Fort. Lieutenant King on this claimed the search light out, and thus secured the undetected attacks of the pinnace and cutter. At 7-45 the Fort sent its first reply. This was followed by two more shots, when the guns stopped. Meanwhile a very brisk rifle fire had been carried on, both from the Leopard and boats, which was answered by a few scattered shots from the shore and enemy's boats. Shortly after this the Leopard got fast aground near the Fort, and remained thus for full twenty minutes. This accident was fortunately unperceived by the defenders, as a party would most likely have been sent to board and carry her. During this period the pinnace and cutter returned, but there was a long delay in waiting for the dinghy, which found the tide too strong for her. She, however, ultimately managed to come up in shore, and the crew were glad indeed to get the grog that was promptly served out to them, being thoroughly exhausted. After this the launch returned to the Tigris, from which, after a hasty supper, a move was made to the station, where the special train was waiting. This was reached at 3 o' clock, and five in the morning saw the Sealdah pla form again alive with the Calcutta Naval Volunteers, all tired, but throughly well pleased with their day's outing. A word about the Leopard. It seems a shame that so fine a Corps should be provided with so miserable a launch. In the first place, she is very old and slow; secondly, she steers abominably; and thirdly, is a great deal too small to hold the whole force, should they turn out. Her engines, too, are very considerate, and give timely warning to the enemy of her approach. This should certainly be altered, and a new and fast launch provided. To Lieutenants King, Blaker, Poynton, and Captain Reade the thanks of all are due for a most enjoyable day, the efforts of Captain Reade, who had charge of the Commissariat, being very highly and effectually appreciated.—*Englishman.*

MARRIAGE OF MISS MAX MULLER AT OXFORD.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL, Oxford, on the 30th ult., was crowded with a distinguished assembly, among whom were many of "light and leading" to witness the marriage of Mr. Thomas Colyer Colyer Fergusson, son of Sir James Ranken Fergusson, Bart., and Miss Beatrice Stanley Max Muller, daughter of Professor Max Muller. The service, which was fully choral, was conducted by the Dean of Christ Church (the Rev. Henry George Liddell, D.D.), assisted by the Hon. and Rev. Carr-Glyn, vicar of St. Mary Abbots; Kensington, a cousin of the bride. The bride was given away by her father, Mr. E. F. Nugent acting as groomsman. The bridal dress was of rich ivory duchesse satin, with full Court train, the petticoat being draped with very fine old Brussels lace and garniture of orange blossoms and myrtle, the bodice being slightly open in front, with fichu of mousseline de chiffon. Her Brussels lace veil covered a neat wreath of orange blooms. Her ornaments were a diamond and pearl necklace, the gift of the bridegroom, and a diamond rivier and pendant, the gift of Professor and Mrs. Max Muller, and her boquet was of choice lilies. There were six bridesmaids—Miss Walrond, Miss Krug, Miss Cicely Grenfell (cousins of the bride), Miss Violet Liddell, Miss Percival and Miss Byrd MacCall. They were elegantly attired, in cream voels, with draperies of richly embroidered gaze de chiffon (specially designed and made in Paris), and handsome satin sashes. They wore small floral hats of poinsettas, ivy, and moss. The bridegroom's presents were a moonstone, sapphire and diamond bee brooch and bouquet of pointsettas and Roman hyacinths tied with long red velvet streamers. Master Louis Fergusson (brother of the bridegroom), in a Highland costume of Fergusson tartan acted as train-bearer

The reception, which was given at all Souls' College, was largely attended, among those invited being Mr. and Mrs. Henry Grenfell, Hon. and Rev. Edward and Lady Mary Carr-Glyn, Sir James and Lady Fergusson, Miss Kingsley, Mr and Miss Fourd, the Earl of Mar and Kellie, General Duplat, Dr. W. H. Russel, the Dean of Christ Church and Mrs Liddle, the Dean of Westminster and Mrs Bradley, Rev. Henry White, the Hon. the Warden of Merton, the Headmaster of Rugby and Mrs Percival, Sir Henry Acland, Sir John and Lady Stainer, Mr. W. H. Peel, the Hon. Mrs. Vernon Harcourt, Mr. Drummond Chaplin, Mr. Hedworth Williamson, M. and Mrs. DeBunsen, Sir William and the Miss Anson, &c. In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Colyer Colyer Fergusson left *en route* for Paris and the Riviera. The going-away dress was new copper coloured vigogne, richly embroidered in three shades of the same colour, and feathered hat to match.

VERY sordid and extremely uninteresting are the *causes celebres* of the day, writes the *Law Times*. The *Daily Telegraph* has devoted a leading article in its best style to the fact that in the list of 1,000 causes in the Queen's Bench Division, there is but one breach of promise. But we have a prosaic and very sordid conspiracy case, a wretched police-court prosecution in connection with a horrible scandal, an Old Bailey prosecution for libel connected with the same infamy, and a further peg at the purse strings of the *Times* shareholders by the Irish leader, in which much of the old business will, we suppose, be hashed up again. Another libel, which is not defended, at the suit of Sir Morell Mackenzie, and the O'Shea divorce affair, make up an attractive programme. Very seamy is the side of the national life which the Courts are now showing to the world.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment exert a rapidly favourable effect in all those diseases which are induced by exposure to damp, or by great changes in temperature. They will therefore be found eminently serviceable to those who work in iron foundries, copper mines and collieries. These well-known remedies present manifest advantages in respect of use and effectiveness, being entirely compounded of vegetable drugs selected with the greatest care and regardless of price. When used in accordance with the ample printed directions which accompany them, they act surely but mildly, and do not interfere with the daily work. There are but few diseases which are not capable of cure—or, at all events, of great relief—if Holloway's remedies are perseveringly used.

THE EFFECT OF THE DOCK STRIKE.

AT the ordinary general meeting of the proprietors of the London and St. Katharine Docks on the 30th ult. The report presented by the directors was read. It stated that the accounts of the Joint Committee for the past half-year showed a surplus divisible between the associated companies of £185,912, against £234,806 on the 30th June last; the deficiency of £48,894 was the result of the labour strike of last autumn, the increase of the item of wages paid upon a smaller volume of business being £38,893. The amount of profit, after payment of dividend on the company's preference stock was £14,757, and the directors recommended the payment of a dividend on the capital stock at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum, taking for that purpose the sum of £14,026 from reserve.

MR. NORWOOD GOES INTO PARTICULARS.

The Chairman, (Mr. Norwood) in moving the adoption of the report, said:—Had it not been for the disorganization of trade caused by the strike, the dock statistics for the past year, as compared with 1888, would have shown an increase in the volume of business. As it is, the actual figures are 4,459,046 tons of shipping from foreign which entered all the docks of London, being a decrease of 35,039 tons. Of loaded ships entering the docks under the management of the Joint Committee the tonnage was 2,338,931, a decrease of 56,551 tons; but in respect to goods there was an increase of 1,512 tons in the imports, and 8,349 tons in the exports, which passed over our quays. Stocks in our warehouses on 31st December were 286,336 tons as compared with 302,625 tons in 1888, showing a decrease of 16,289 tons. The effect of the strike upon our position is, however, more clearly shown by a comparison of the business transacted during the six months ending 31st December, with that of the corresponding six months of 1888, and by an examination of the half-yearly accounts of the Joint Committee for the year 1889. The tonnage of ships from foreign ports which entered all the docks of London in the six months ending 31st December was 2,312,462, against 2,366,207 tons in the same period of last year, showing a falling off of 53,745 tons. The tonnage of loaded ships entering the docks of the Joint Committee was 1,400,342, or a decrease of 12,045 tons. Of import goods landed on our quays there was an increase of 6,642 tons, and of exports of 6,231 tons. Of cargo discharged there was a falling off of 44,529 tons. The number of barges entering our docks was 59,514, against 63,947 during the six months ending June 30, a decrease of 9,433, which, together with the increase in the imports landed on our quays, was the result of the prolonged strike of the lightermen, which affected the riverside wharfingers more than the docks. I am of opinion that the diversion of the shipping from the docks of London to other ports, consequent upon the strike, will account for the decrease of 53,745 tons of shipping from foreign into all the docks of London in the last half-year of 1889, but it is impossible, with such information as I can command, to arrive at a precise estimate. Merchants in various trades are known to have changed the destination of cargoes to various outports, and one firm informed me that they had adopted this course in respect of four steamers which they had intended to have been discharged in London. As respects the large steamers of the P. and O. Company and other lines habitually using our docks, no less than 10 of the aggregate tonnage of 23,040 tons were sent to Southampton. The Joint Committee thus lost the dues on those ships and some profit on the cargoes inwards and outwards, and the strikers lost the disbursements for the labour expended on the discharge and loading of the ships—a much larger sum. There is a decrease in receipts from all sources in the six months ending 31st of December of £12,517. The various items of expenditure for the six months ending 30th of June and 31st December (other than that of wages) only vary to the extent of £2,514; and that in favour of the second half of the year; but the expenditure in wages for that period was £392,255, against £354,364 for the previous half-year, being an excess in labour of £37,890, notwithstanding a less tonnage of goods was handled, the net result being a decrease in the amount divisible between the two companies of £48,894 2s. 2d. for the half-year ending 31st December.

FORTY THOUSAND POUNDS LOST.

Taking into account considerations of detail *pro* and *con*, and after careful examination of the accounts as a whole, I am disposed to estimate the money loss to the Joint Committee, arising from the extra expenditure in labour caused by the strike at upwards of £40,000, by far the greater part of which accrued since November 4, when the advance in the wage of the casual labourers took effect. The above sum does not include the loss owing to the diversion of trade from our docks, which, as I have pointed out, was considerable. As to the probable annual cost of the increased rate of wage forced upon us by the agreement of September 12—based upon the experience of the past three months—my own estimate formed early in the contest was, as you will probably recollect, not less than £100,000 per annum, and I subsequently expressed the opinion that if the demands of the men were fully complied with that sum would prove considerably below the mark. If the experience of the past three months is to be a guide for the future, I fear that £150,000 per annum will not cover our enhanced expenditure on labour. This, I need not tell you, is a very serious outlook for the trade of the port, as well as for you dock proprietors. It is true we shall recoup ourselves for a portion of this large sum by an advance on charges which have already come into operation, and this policy can be further pursued, but we must not forget that there is a point at which increased charges divert trade. We should not have grudged the men their advance in wage, had they rendered us a fair equivalent in the shape of good labour. I regret to say that, notwithstanding the exercise of the greatest patience and forbearance on our part the result has been most unsatisfactory. Not a week and scarcely a day has passed without a partial strike or other complication at some one or other of our docks or warehouses—often on the most frivolous pretences—and the latest move of the men is to free themselves of that portion of the agreement which distinctly provides for "no pay for meal times." From the day on which the men resumed work the sixth clause of the agreement, by which it was agreed that the men who had loyally served us during the strike should be "unmolested and treated as fellow labourers," has been openly disregarded. The union men have persistently refused to work with these men, and in some instances were supported in this by the stevedores, who refused to receive exports from the so-called "blacklegs." The position of these men, whose only fault was their desire to support their families by honest labour, became intolerable, and by a course of persistent intimidation and ill-usage they were eventually compelled either to lose their independence by joining the Dockers' Union or to abandon their employment; while the ordinary labourers, whose services were formerly available, have been driven from our gates. Our foremen and clerks have also been compelled to form a union, and a strike occurred at Tilbury owing to the refusal, for a time, of our employes there to submit to the dictation.

AT THE MERCY OF AGITATORS.

The result of all this is that in respect to the labour necessary to conduct your business, we, as well as the men, have been deprived of the free and open market which formerly existed, and are now at the mercy of the leaders of the unions, who have virtually become the controllers and managers of the shipping business of the port. On this point I desire no better evidence than that of Mr. Tom Mann himself, president of the Dock Labourers' Union, who in a speech delivered at Erith on Sunday, 5th January, took credit for so regulating the supply of labour at the docks that it now took ten men to perform the work formerly accomplished by eight men, and that each of the ten received a higher wage than before—a statement which I am bound to say does not err on the side of exaggeration. As your chairman, it is my duty plainly to tell you that this state of affairs cannot continue much longer, without permanently injuring the trade of the port, and very seriously affecting your personal interest; and that unless there is a decided change in the conduct of the men and of their leaders, the time may not be far distant when your directors and their colleagues on the Joint Committee must regain their control over the management of your affairs, whatever may be the cost of the struggle. (Cheers.) In such case, I venture to think they would receive not only your approval, but the co-operation of shipowners, merchants, and those most deeply interested in the welfare of the port. I regard as a hopeful sign that the more steady and industrious men, both at the docks and wharves, are becoming weary of the dictation and interference of their unions, and are anxious for the opportunities to emancipate themselves from a tyranny as galling to them as to your directors.

Mr. Hubbard seconded the adoption of the report, which after some discussion was agreed to.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure mild, and emollient.—This essentially complexio, soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence has a soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all chemists.—Agents, Treacher and Co., Bombay.

MESSRS. COOK AND SON'S NEW EGYPTIAN STEAMER.

THE Rameses the Great is not only the largest steamer at present afloat on the Nile, but considerably the largest that has ever been launched on the river. Her dimensions are as follows:—Length between perpendiculars 221 feet, beam 30 feet, over all 45 feet, depth moulded 10 feet. Her engines are of the most modern description of triple expansion indicating 400 horse-power, and she draws only 2 feet 6 inches.

Her hull is one of the most perfect models yet constructed, and she is fitted throughout with every modern improvement and appliance for the comfort and luxury of first class passengers, and although she is so much larger than the Rameses, she is constructed to convey the same number of passengers, viz., 72, the whole of the extra space being divided between the state-rooms, saloons and promenade decks.

His Highness the Khedive honoured Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son by a very careful inspection of the steamer on Tuesday (28th ultimo), and spent nearly an hour examining all the arrangements and details; on descending to the special cabins on the lower deck His Highness at once exclaimed that they were larger and finer than any he had yet seen even on the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamers.

His Highness's visit to the steamer was made late at night so as to enable him to realize the full effect of the electric light and the electric search. Although the tourist steamers do not work at night, Mr. Cook is trying the experiment of a search light of 22,000 candles power with a view of ascertaining the desirability of applying it to the post boats in case they may be required by any Department of the Government to travel through the night and so reduce considerably the time occupied in the voyage between Assioot and Assouan.

His Highness left the steamer congratulating Mr. John M. Cook on this splendid acquisition to their fleet, and wishing Mr. Cook and the firm future prosperity.

On Wednesday (29th ultimo) the Rameses the Great went on her trial cruise, to which a number of ladies and gentlemen were invited by Mr. and Mrs. John M. Cook. There were many absentees at the last moment in consequence of the prevailing epidemic of influenza, and among the victims to the complaint was Mrs. John M. Cook and Mr. T. A. (Bertie) Cook, but the hostess was replaced by her two daughters. His Excellency Riaz Pasha, the Premier, sent his secretary, Ermali Bey, to Mr. Cook to express his regret at not being able to join the party, but the Government of His Highness was well represented by their Excellencies Zulficar Pasha, Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mohamed Zoky Pasha, Minister for Public Works, and Fakhry Pasha, Minister of Justice.

Mohamed Zoky Bey, the Khedive's first officer of ceremonies, represented His Highness, and the following is a list of those present, *viz.*, Lady Dormer and Miss Dormer, Major General Sir Francis Grenfell and Lady Grenfell, Sir Edward Zohrab Pasha and Lady Zohrab, Mr. Rhally, Hellenic Consul at Cairo, Mr. Grant, Attache at the United States Consulate General, Mr. Henry M. Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. Elwin Palmer, the Hon. Miss Harbord, Colonel Sandwith, Colonel and Mrs. Richardson, Colonel and Mrs Settle, Colonel and Mrs. Roberts, Surgeon Major and Mrs. Rogers, Major and Mrs. Sclater, Major Wintle, Major and Mrs. Wingate, Major Maxwell, Captain Jackson, Captain Gore Brown, Mr. and Mrs. George Royle, Mr. and Mrs. Barratt, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Hodges, Miss Paget, Miss Merrick Santerre des Boves Bey (*Journal Officiel*) Messrs. C. F. M. Bell (*Times* correspondent), Guarnieri (*Egyptian Gazette* correspondent), W. E. Kingsford, Lesieur (Havas Agent), Nimr (*Mokattam* representative), A. V. Philip and J Langton Rees (*Standard* correspondent).

At the conclusion of luncheon, which was provided on board, Major General Sir Francis Grenfell rose and said that the company was indebted to the hospitality of Mr. Cook for the pleasant cruise on the Rameses the Great, and he thought that the company should not separate without drinking to the success of the ship and of Mr. John Cook and his firm.

This toast was duly honoured, the conclusion of Sir Francis's speech being greeted with applause.

Mr. John M. Cook said in reply that most of those present had been on trial trips on other waters than the Nile, and that they would be aware that they are chiefly used as an occasion for builders flattering the building owners and for the owners flattering the builder, designer and chief engineer and every one concerned, not forgetting himself. Mr. Cook said that whilst he could compliment all concerned in the building of this ship he thought it might be of some interest to a few, if not to most of those present, if he were to give two or three facts not only connected with the history of the ship, on board which they were, but of what had led up to it.

Mr. Cook said that it was a very singular coincidence which had not occurred to his mind till the previous day that it was 20 years ago on the 28th January that he started on his first voyage up the Nile. On that occasion he had to pay full fare for all his passengers as well as for himself, and the Government thought so little of what the name or influence of Cook could do in this country that for several years he had to pay his own fare whilst on the Nile.

Here the speaker was interrupted by Mr. Stanley, who said that the Government showed themselves wise in their generation—a remark in which Mr. Cook concurred.

Mr. Cook said that the action of the Government put him on his mettle, and on the occasion to which he referred, 44 passengers went up the river on the Behera, which had only gone up the Nile once before with guests of the Viceroy, That year there were 136 dahabeeyehs and 1 steamer at work on the Nile. To-day (Wednesday) there were 15 steamers at work and not 30 dahabeeyehs. Mr. Cook said that it would give those present some idea of the great increase in traffic on the river during the past 20 years when he stated that, in the course of next week, there would be no less than 6 steamers, including Rameses the Great, leaving Cairo for up the Nile. Then there would be the regular postal steamers from Assioot in addition and two extra steamers, making a total next Thursday of 17 steamers at work on the Nile at one and the same time.

With respect to the Rameses the Great, Mr. Cook said that he thought it would interest those who take an interest in anything connected with the welfare of Egypt to learn that the first railway truck, bringing the first portion of the ironwork, which was contained in nearly 4,000 cases (for the bill of lading showed 3,750 odd cases), arrived on Monday, the 11th November, 1889. Mr. Cook saw two posts, stem and stern, put in that day, and left the same day for Upper Egypt. On his return to Cairo in exactly a fort night he was informed that his arrival was awaited to launch the boat, and on the fifteenth morning from the date of the arrival of the first truck the Rameses the Great was put into the water, there having been in the meantime over 70,000 rivets driven in. It was exactly eleven weeks from the commencement until last Monday when she passed Kasrel Nill bridge under steam. Mr. Cook would not say that the steamer was perfect, but as her owner he might say that she was as nearly perfect as possible, and that they had done all they could possibly think of as they had c

PURE PERSONALITIES.

JULES VERNE, the "scientific story-teller," is a man of some sixty-two years of age, with fine dark eyes, white hair and beard, and a manner bubling over with energy. It was in 1865 that Verne published his first scientific novel, "Five Weeks in a Balloon." He had studied law, but had made no success in it, and having picked up a little acquaintance with science he determined upon weaving his scientific knowledge into a novelistic form. Verne has never yet written a book of which failure had to be recorded. And the marvel, the astonishing thing, is that love and the fair sex are very conspicuous by their absence from his books. Verne is a born sailor, and lives most of the year in his yacht, slowly coasting round the French shores. He writes in his yacht, and so combines business with pleasure. Verne, when on land, resides at Amiens, but is more often on the asphalte of the Parisian boulevard than in the old cathedral city. He is as rich as he need be, and very content with his lot.

Michael Munkacsy, the famous painter, is another instance of the capacity of genius for overcoming unfriendly circumstances. Munkacsy's parents belonged to the very poorest class of the Hungarian peasantry, and the artist, when a growing lad, had more than his share of misery and privation. He was apprenticed to a joiner, by whom he was most brutally treated. The boy would insist upon sketching and dabbling in paints whenever his master's back was turned, and many a severe flogging he got for his devotion to art. At last he ran away, and bent his steps towards that Mecca of artists—Paris. He kept himself alive on his tramp across Europe by painting inn-keepers' signs and doing portraits. Munkacsy found himself famous at 24 by reason of his great picture, "The Last Moments of a Condemned Man." The artist is now very rich, and lives all the year round in Paris, where his "hotel" is a palatial residence. He works hard and enjoys life to the uttermost, giving perhaps more receptions and *soirees dansante* than any other Parisian painter.

Lord Wolseley's description of the British General in parade-dress as resembling the dressed-up monkey on a barrel-organ is the severest thing that has been said on the subject since Dr. W. H Russel, in 1854, depicted a Major in a shell-jacket—"A Major of eighteen stone, in all the unprotected boldness of his schoolboy's attire, is an object too serious for laughter and too dignified for pity—buttoned in where he desires ease and exposed where he requires covering, without pockets to put anything into, and conscious that he is rather wondered at than admired." The shell jacket has survived the war correspondent's wit, and the feather-covered hat will survive the Adjutant-General.

Here is a story of Tennyson's younger days. One day while young Mr. Tennyson was out driving with Miss Bradshaw—a lady of whom he was very much enamoured, her mother, and three other ladies, some one asked the time. On this Tennyson took out his watch. Whereupon Miss Bradshaw leaned over a little, and her worshipper exclaimed "Don't." "Why am I not to look?" asked the young lady; to which Tennyson replied. "No, it would stop to look at you."

The Duke of Palmela, the Portuguese noble, who returned the Baltic medal, is, according to Mr. Stuart Cumberland, of the *Mirror*, a mean-looking man, with long black whiskers of the weeping-willow pattern. His title came with his marriage, for he himself is not a Palmella. He—through his wife—is rich, but he is anything but generous. I frequently met him whilst in Lisbon, and the oftener we met the more I disliked him.

The sudden death is announced of Mr. Lea, who for many years has been connected with the firm of Huntly and Palmer. Mr. Lea was a warm friend of progressive and philanthropic movements, though he never came prominently to the front. He did not a little to develop the great biscuit factory which has so greatly developed Reading. Mr. George Palmer, however, was the chief creator of the business. He started in life as a journeyman baker at Taunton, and while he was still a young man he entered into partnership with the late Mr. Huntley on condition that he should have a free hand. Somewhat later his brother, Mr. William Isaac Palmer, entered the firm. Both brothers belong to the Society of Friends, but their sympathies have never been bounded by their own particular form of faith.

Miss Maud Rendel, who is to be married to Mr. Henry Gladstone tomorrow (Thursday), is the second daughter of Mr. Stuart Rendel, the well known M. P. In the spring of last year, when Mr. Gladstone stayed at Mr. Rendel's villa near Naples, Miss Rendel played the part of hostess in the absence of her mother. A warm friendship grew up between the younger branches of the two families, of which this marriage is the result. Miss Rendel's talents are artistic, and she is an excellent violinist. She gives her sympathies, but not her labours, to politics. In personal appearance she is *petite* and slender, with plenty of soft dark hair. Mr. Henry Gladstone is the fourth son of Mr. W. E. Gladstone. He was educated first at a tutor's, where were also his relations, the Lyttletons; and subsequently they all moved on to Eton, where by a curious coincidence Mr. Henry Gladstone was in the same house as that of his prospective father-in-law—namely "Evans." He did not go to the university from Eton, but straight into business. At first it was intended that he should join the old Gladstone firm, but subsequently this programme was altered, and he entered the firm of Ogilvy, Gillander, and Company, East India merchants, where he now is. The Ogilvys are cousins of the Gladstones. Mr. Henry Gladstone is dark and clean shaven. In features he is very like his brother Herbert, but is taller, and lacks the moustache and thick curls of the latter. His tastes are essentially active. He is great at Polo, found of most fieldsports, and is a good gun for a warm party. As the elder brothers do not shoot Messrs. Herbert and Henry Gladstone have divided the shooting of Hawarden for several years. In politics his views are those of his father, but as yet he has not given active expression to them. During the last week Mr. Henry Gladstone has been staying with his prospective father-in-law at No, 1. Carlton-gardens, the house which Mr. Stuart Rendel has recently bought of Lord Ripon, and from which the marriage will take place.

The death of John West, the Yorkshire cricket player, removes from Lord's a familiar and always pleasant figure. "Johnnie" was always civil, obligiog, willing to help any one in any way, and not one of the professionals whom the Nottinghamshire and Yorkshire committees have of late been chiding gently for an over-readiness to be "stood" drinks. West was never a great cricketer, but he was always a good one. Of late he has been seen more often in the scoring-box or in the long white coat of the umpire. Indeed, in the most important matches of the year—Gentlemen and Players, Oxford and Cambridge, *e.g.*—he was almost always first choice as umpire.

The London gossip of the *Liverpool Post* says it is the intention of the Irish Whip to move for a writ for West Waterford at an early date. This is the seat vacated by Mr. Douglas Pyne under very peculiar circumstances. Mr. Pyne was known to have taken his passage one December night in 1888 in a steamer crossing the Irish Channel. When the vessel arrived at its destination, Mr. Pyne could not be found, nor has he been heard of from that day to this. There still being some shadow of doubt as to his fate, no action has been taken to fill up the vacancy. The necessary declaration made by three members of Parliament stating their belief that Mr. Pyne is dead has been lodged with the Speaker, and the issue of a new writ will be one of the first acts of the new session.

Mr. Pyne, whose sad fate is thus formally acknowledged, was in many respects a remarkable man. He carried his eccentricity to a considerable extent in the matter of dress, and from his personal appearance would have been notable in whatever crowd he was seen. Though representing an Irish constituency and a follower of Mr. Parnell, he was not an Irishman. He came of a very old Surrey stock, his father being rector of Oxtead. Mr. Pyne held a considerable amount of land under the Duke of Devonshire, but it was in connection with an offence under the Crimes Act that he underwent a memorable siege in the old castle pertaining to the estate.

It will be remembered that he was finally arrested within the Precincts of Westminster after a famous cab-drive in which, after racing half over London, he finally outwitted his pursuers. An English member of Parliament who visited him after the siege was raised says that access to the interior of the citadel was obtained by the prosaic thoroughfare of the chimney. The visitor and his wife, who accompanied him, were in turn hauled up the outside of the castle by the enthusiastic proprietor, and thereafter personally conducted down the chimney into a cosy sitting-room. He described the adventure as absolutely unattended by peril or even inconvenience.

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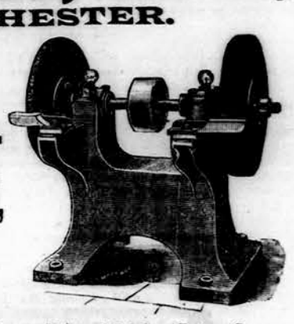

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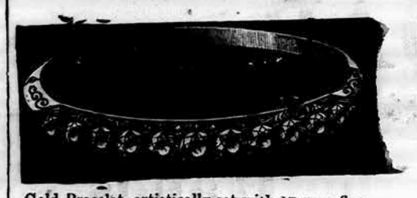

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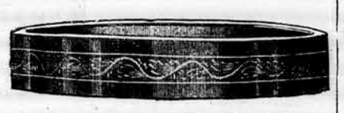

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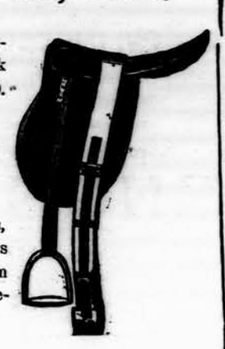

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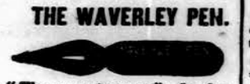
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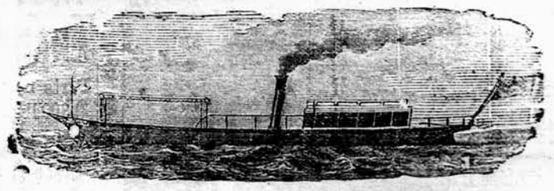

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